Farming Implements, &c.

THE WORLD,
DODGES' OHIO AND BUCKEYE
Reapers and Mowers.

A careful examination of these machines with comparison of their superior merits over all others, in strength, durability, ease of draft, and readiness for work, on all kinds of ground, and in every variety of grass and grain. Confident of this we invite those in want of a good machine to examine themselves before purchasing elsewhere.

These machines can be sold as Naked Mowers, RAPERS as Hand Rake, Self-Rake, or Dropper, of two different sizes: No. 1 Machine, with two cutters and three Knives, cutting five and a half feet in width and four feet eight inches in grass; No. 2, cutting four feet six inches.

We have that confidence in these machines that we are willing to let those wanting a machine test them with any other they may wish, and keep the one that gives most satisfaction. DODGES' AUTOMAN SELF-RAKE has given such general satisfaction that we consider it the best Self-Rake out, and is attached to either machine except the Dodge Machine, the Ohio and Buckeye patent.

For the benefit of those wanting machines we would refer them to a few of those to whom we have sold the last season, viz:

John Deatforff, Sen., Henry Culp,
Ephraim Lady, Henry King,
George Lady, Elisha Penrose,
Jonathan Wisler, David Stewart
James Mickley, W. Rose White,
Daniel Settle, J. J. Kerr,
John Beuler, Andrew Weikert,
John Eckert, Wm. Bigham,
Wm. Fent, John Guinn,
Cornelius Lott, John N. Hoffman,
Wm. Gulden, John N. Boyer,
Wm. Rose.

Also, WIRE TOOTH HAY RAKES, including the celebrated Brandt Rake, and Self-discharging Rakes, Plows, FANNING MILLS, AND FARM IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY.

Persons wishing to examine machines will find them at the Warehouse of JOSEPH WISLER & SON, Gettysburg, Pa., or at the residence of the subscriber, 2 miles from Gettysburg, on the Harrisburg road. Persons wanting Circulars will address the subscriber, Gettysburg, Pa.

WM. WIBLE, Agent.

April 23.—tf

GET THE BEST!

HOWITZ'S IMPROVED MOWER AND REAPER.

The strongest, lightest draft, most compact, simple and perfect Machine ever offered to the public.

The undersigned having taken the Agency for Howitz's Celebrated Improved Mower and Reaper, invites the attention of the Farmers of Adams county to the fact that they are now in market. Its real construction, embracing every necessary point to constitute a perfect machine, is so simple that the inexperienced person can readily understand it. Consists of a less number of bolts, pieces and parts than any other machine, and is better adapted to all kinds of Reaping and Mowing. A thorough examination and trial will show this beyond all doubt. Farmers desiring to purchase a first class machine, at low rates, will do well to call and examine it. Price $90. Cooper Attachment $50.

ALSO—THE

Cucumber Wood Pump,

Wells, Cisterns, &c.—the best in market—and the only one being made of cucumber wood the taste of the water is not affected.

Persons desiring to see the Mower and Reaper in operation, can do so by calling at Cress' Warehouse, Gettysburg; Hersh's Warehouse, New Oxford, or at the residence of the subscriber in New Salem.

JOSEPH KUNKLE.

May 14, 1869—3m*

STILL AHEAD!

HOFFHEINS'
REAPER & MOWER,
of the Greatest Machines of the Age,

Superior to any other Machine now in use, and in fact exclusively that will ever be introduced, having been thoroughly tried and proved to general satisfaction. I would now inform all those who intend purchasing Machines to call and examine for themselves. The Machine is noted particularly to excel all others in lightness in strength, durability, ease of draft, and quality of work, in all kinds of grass and grain,—also large grain admirably, which is a great item of importance to a farmer. It can be used as a hand rake as well as a self-rake. It cuts 5 feet 2 inches in width, 4 feet 10 inches in grass; has a steel cutter bar with wrought iron guards; it can be used as a Mower as well as a Combined Machine.

Call and get a trial of the Machine on hand.

Also, SHERMAN'S SELF-RAKING HORSE RAKE, one of the lightest and well-known BRANT RAKES, not taken over introduced. We would also call particular attention to the IRON DOUBLE SHOVEL PLOUGH, wrought iron frame, very light and strong, durable, easily adjusted to run shallow or deep, neatly and tastefully made.

Also, THE KEELER AND EXCELSIOR FANNING MILLS, the old standard go Fan improved, for years a great favorite among the farmers of Pennsylvania. It is large and strong, has two cockle screens, and warranted to work perfectly.

Also, all kinds of FARMING IMPLEMENTS always on hand.

Any person wishing to examine these machines can call in at the Battle-field Hotel or at my residence, one mile from Gettysburg, between the Taneytown road and the Baltimore pike.

April 28, 1869—tf LEWIS A. BUSHMAN.

SURPRISE OATS.

I am prepared to furnish SURPRISE SEED OATS to persons desiring it. Weighs 47 lbs. when threshed, and ripens ten days earlier than other oats; larger and stiffer in the straw, and will yield from 125 bushels to the acre. Persons wanting it will make early application.

I will deliver the Oats to persons in Gettysburg only at $3 per bushel. Address

CHARLES W. GRIEST,
Petersburg, (Y. S.,) Adamsco., Pa.

May 28—tf

Carpenters and Contractors.

J. C. Stallsmith & Son,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Carpenter and Contractor,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has removed to his new Shop on Washington street between York and Railroad streets, and is prepared to take contracts for putting up and finishing Buildings, at as reasonable rates as any in Gettysburg—all work guaranteed to be done with promptness and dispatch. He hopes by strict attention to business and a desire to please to merit public patronage. Give me a call.

April 30, 1869—tf

J. CHRITZMAN,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Carpenter and Contractor,

Having removed to my new Shop on Washington street, between Middle and Chambersburg streets, is prepared to furnish Screen Doors, Plain and Stained Glass Windows, and all kinds of work in the above line, at short notice and reasonable prices. Thankful for past favors, I hope by strict attention to business to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

April 23—tf

LET THE BEST!

SHRIVER'S IMPROVED MOWER AND REAPER.

The strongest, lightest draft, most compact, simple and perfect Machine ever offered to the public.

The undersigned having taken the Agency for Shriver's Celebrated Improved Mower and Reaper, invites the attention of the Farmers of Adams county to the fact that they are now in market. Its real construction, embracing every necessary point to constitute a perfect machine, is so simple that the inexperienced person can readily understand it. Consists of a less number of bolts, pieces and parts than any other machine, and is better adapted to all kinds of Reaping and Mowing. A thorough examination and trial will show this beyond all doubt. Farmers desiring to purchase a first class machine, at low rates, will do well to call and examine it. Price $90. Cooper Attachment $50.

ALSO—THE

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April 23—tf

HARPER, MCPHERSON & BUEHLER,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS,
Baltimore street, between the Court-house and Diamond,
Gettysburg, Pa.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Friday morning, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates.—A liberal deduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half-year, or year. Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞ The circulation of the STAR AND SENTINEL is one-half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

☞ WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style will be printed at short notice. Terms CASH.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

COUNTY OFFICERS.

President Judge—Robert J. Fisher.
Associate Judges—Joseph J. Kuhn, Robert G. Harper.
Prothonotary—Jacob Meihorn.
Register and Recorder—Wm. D. Holtzworth.
Clerk of the Courts—A. W. Minter.
District Attorney—Wm. A. Duncan.
Treasurer—H. H. Tillbert.
Sheriff—Philip Hann.
Coroner—Dr. W. J. McClure.
Surveyor—Jno. D. Keller.
Commissioners—Nicholas Wierman, Jacob Lott, Moses Hartman. *Clerk*—J. M. Walter. *Counsel*—Wm. McClean. *Physician to Jail*—Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal.
Directors of the Poor—John Rahn, Martin Getz, Benjamin Deardorff. *Steward*—Jonas Johns. *Clerk*—H. G. Wolf. *Treasurer*—Jacob Benner. *Counsel*—D. Neely. *Physician*—J. W. C. O'Neal.
Auditors—Henry L. Bream, Martin E. Bollinger, Eli G. Hessy.

BOROUGH OF GETTYSBURG.

Burgess—C. H. Buehler.
Council—W. S. Hamilton, Alexander Spangler, Jacob W. Cress, Robert Cate, A. M. Hunter, Wm. F. Baker.
Clerk—F. D. Duphorn. *Treasurer*—S. H. Buehler.
Constables—George W. Welkert, James Rouser.
School Directors—Wm. Guinn, W. T. King, Hiram Warren, John F. McCreary, Jacob Aughinbaugh, A. M. Hunter. *Secretary*—John F. McCreary. *Treasurer*—E. G. Fahnestock.

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.

President—George Swope.
Cashier—J. Emory Bair.
Teller—Henry S. Benner.
Directors—George Swope, William Young, Henry Witt, David Wills, David Kendlehart, Wm. McSherry, William D. Illness, Joshua Motter, Marcus Samson.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG.

President—George Arone.
Cashier—George Arnold.
Teller—Samuel Bushman.
Directors—George Arone, David McConaughy, John Brough, John Horner, George Arnold, Jacob Musselman, John Wolford.

EVER GREEN CEMETERY.

President—J. L. Schick.
Secretary—William B. Meals.
Treasurer—Alexander Cobean.
Managers—John Rupp, J. L. Hill, Josiah Benner, George Spangler, George Little, William B. Meals, Alexander Cobean.

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel S. Russell.
Secretary—David Buehler.
Treasurer—Edward G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Henry A. Picking, Jacob Gingell.

ADAMS COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

President—Samuel Herbst.
Vice Presidents—William McSherry, J. S. Witherow.
Corresponding Secretary—Henry J. Stahle.
Recording Secretary—Edward G. Fahnestock.
Treasurer—David Wills.
Managers—William S. Wilson, William Wible, Jonas Routzahn, Frederick Diehl, W. Ross White, Elisha Penrose, John H. McClellan.

BUILDING ASSOCIATION.

President—Edward G. Fahnestock.
Vice President—William A. Duncan
Secretary—John F. McCreary.
Treasurer—John Rupp.
Managers—J. W. C. O'Neal, John Rupp, A. J. Cover, D. Kendlehart, Wm. F. Atkinson.

GAS COMPANY.

President—E. G. Fahnestock.
Secretary—Wm. A. Duncan.
Treasurer—Joel B. Danner.
Managers—D. Buehler, M. Eichelberger, H. D. Wattles, S. R. Russell, W. A. Duncan, J. B. Danner

WATER COMPANY.

President—George W. McClellan.
Secretary and Treasurer—Samuel R. Russell.
Managers—G. W. McClellan, E. B. Buehler, S. R. Russell, H. J. Stahle, M. Eichelberger.

GETTYSBURG RAILROAD.

Superintendent—Robert McCurdy.
Secretary and Treasurer—David Wills.

	First.	Second.
Trains depart	8.15 A. M.	12.40 P. M.
" arrive	12.25 P. M.	4.20 P. M.

The first train makes close connection for Harrisburg and Eastern and Western points. The second train with Baltimore.

ASSOCIATIONS.

Gettys Lodge, No. 124, I. O. O. F.—Meets corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, every Tuesday evening.
Union Encampment, No. 126, I. O. O. F.—In Odd Fellows' Hall, 1st and 3d Monday in each month.
Good Samaritan Lodge, No. 336, A. Y. M.—Corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, 2d and 4th Thursday in each month.
Gen. Reynolds Lodge, No. 180, I. O. G. T.—On Baltimore street, every Monday evening.
Sheqquas Tribe, No. 31, I. O. R. M.—In McConaughy's Hall, every Friday evening.
Post No. 2, G. A. R.—In Star and Sentinel Building, every Saturday evening.
Adams Division No. 214 S. T.—In Star and Sentinel Building, every Wednesday evening.

CHURCHES.

Lutheran, (Christ's)—Pastor, Rev. C. A. Hay. D. D.—Services in College and Seminary alternately, Sabbath morning and evening and Wednesday evening. During vacations, Sunday evening service omitted.
Lutheran, (St. James')—Rev. E. Breidenbaugh. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
Episcopal Reformed—Rev. H. C. Cheston, J. B. Shaver. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Thursday evening.
Presbyterian—Rev. Wm. H. Hillis. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
German Reformed—Rev. W. R. H. Deatrich. Services Sabbath morning and evening, & Wednesday evening.
Catholic—Rev. Joseph Boll. Services 1st, 3d and 5th Sabbaths, morning and afternoon.
United Presbyterian—Rev. J. Jamieson.—Service by special appointments.

Professional Cards, &c.

J. M. KRAUTH, Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa. Collections and all legal business promptly attended to.
Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court-house.
June 18, 1869—tf

D. McCONAUGHY, Attorney at Law, office one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug store, Chambersburg street.
Special attention given to Suits, Collections and settlement of Estates. All legal business, and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and Damages against U. States, at all times promptly and efficiently attended to.
Land warrants located, and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other western States.
June 18, 1869.—tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.
Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa.
May 29, 1867

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.
☞ Office at his residence in the three-story building opposite the Court House. [Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square.
May 29, 1867.

DR. H. S. HUBER,
E. E. Corner of Chambersburg and Washington street
OPPOSITE COL. TATE'S EAGLE HOTEL.
June 11, 1869.—tf

DR. J. A. ARMSTRONG,
Having located at NEW SALEM, will attend to all branches of his profession, and will be found at his office when not professionally engaged.
McKNIGHTSTOWN, P. O.,
Adams county, Pa. July 24, 1868.—t

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL
Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the *Compiler* Office.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

JOHN L. HILL, M. D., *DENTIST,*
Office in Chambersburg street, nearly opposite the Eagle Hotel,
GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.
☞ Having been in constant practice over 20 years, patients can be assured of good work. [July 9.—tf

DR. J. E. BERKSTRESSER, *Dentist*, having located in Gettysburg, offers his services to the public. Office in York street, nearly opposite the Globe Inn, where he will be prepared to attend to any case within the province of the Dentist Persons in want of full or partial sets of teeth are invited to call. Terms reasonable.
July 30, 1869.—tf

DR. C. W. BENSON
HAS RESUMED the Practice of Medicine in LITTLESTOWN, and offers his services to the public. Office at his house, corner of Lombard street and Foundry alley, near the Railroad. Special attention given to Skin Diseases. [Littlestown, Nov. 12, 1867

Watches and Jewelry.

REMOVAL!

The firm of SOWER & MCCLEARY have removed to North Baltimore street, next door to Spangler's Shoe Store. We have on hand a choice assortment of

CLOCKS, WATCHES,
(Gold and Silver,)
JEWELRY,

of all kinds and latest styles. Silver and Plated Ware also, fine Gold, Silver and Steel

SPECTACLES

of the best manufacture. Also, Violins, Guitars, Accordeons, FIFES, Fifes, &c., Violin and Guitar Strings Keys, &c.

All kinds of Repairing in our line done at as reasonable prices as elsewhere, and warranted.

☞ Thankful for past favors, we solicit a continuance of same.
June 17, 1868.—tf SOWER & MCCLEARY.

The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXIX. NO. 37. GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, AUGUST 6, 1869. WHOLE NO. 3573.

Business Cards.

MANTUA-MAKING.
MRS. E. J. ZIEGLER
is prepared to do every description of
Plain Sewing, Dress Making included.
Residence—East Middle st., one door from the Methodist Church, Gettysburg, Pa. [Feb. 5.—tf

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, opposite the Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also an excellent assistant and will insure satisfaction. Give him a call.
May 29, 1867.

GRANITE-YARD,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
ON RAILROAD, NEAR FREIGHT DEPOT.
PETER BEITLER
Is prepared to furnish GRANITE, for all kinds of BUILDING AND MONUMENTAL PURPOSES, at reasonable rates—
Curbing, Sills, Steps, Ashlers, Posts, Monuments, Cemetery Blocks, &c., &c.,
cut and finished in every style desired, by best of workmen.
☞ Orders from a distance promptly attended to.
June 3.—tf

JEREMIAH CULP
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
Undertaker & Paper-Hanger,
Is prepared to furnish on short notice and reasonable terms
COFFINS OF ALL STYLES.
He also keeps on hand a large assortment of WALL PAPER, which he selling at lowest cash rates, and is desirous will furnish hands to put it on the wall.
PLAIN & FANCY SIGN PAINTING EXECUTED TO ORDER.
☞ York street—a few doors east of Lutheran Church
May 27, 1868—tf.

ROBERT D. ARMOR,
GAS FITTER, PLUMBER AND BELL HANGER,
East Middle street, half a square from the Court-house,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
WILL promptly attend to all orders in his line. Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE
furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights &c.; also, WATER PIPE, Stops, Top and Frost Spigots, and, in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.
Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of all kinds repaired. [Dec. 25, 1867.—t

FURNITURE.

D. C. SHEAFFER
PETERSBURG, (Y. S.,) PENNA.,
Is prepared to offer, to the Public, anything in his as cheap as can be had in the county.
☞ Persons will do well to call and examine my stock before buying elsewhere.

FURNITURE
made to order. Repairing done neat cheap and with dispatch. Jan. 22, 1868.—tf

NEW BUSINESS.
Upholstering & Trimming.
WILLIAM E. CULP
HAS opened an establishment opposite Weaver's Livery Stables, on Washington street, for
Covering Sofas, Chairs, Mattrasses, and Upholstering in all its branches.
He also continues his old business of Trimming Buggies, Carriages, &c., and solicits from the public their patronage. Charges moderate.
Gettysburg, Pa., Dec. 11.—tf

HOWE MACHINES!
THE LATEST IMPROVED & GENUINE
ELIAS HOWE, JR.,
SEWING MACHINES.
JACOB F. THOMAS,
Agent for Adams County, Pa., Granite Hill, P. O., (Gulden's Station.)
ORDERS will be promptly attended to. Machines delivered to all parts of the county and instructions given gratis.
☞ The public are cautioned against parties who use the name of HOWE in connection with their machines on account of the popularity of the Howe Machines. There are none GENUINE unless they have imbedded in each machine a medallion having the likeness of ELIAS HOWE, Jr., on it, &c.
Feb. 26—tf

WHEAT WANTED.
The undersigned will pay the highest market price for
GOOD WHEAT,
delivered at his Mill, "Glenwood Mills," formerly McIlhenny's, in Highland township.
GEORGE GINGELL.
Dec. 18, 1868.—tf

Surveying—Conveyancing.
J. S. WITHEROW,
FAIRFIELD, PA.,
Tenders his services to the public as a
PRACTICAL SURVEYOR,
and is prepared to survey Farms, Lots, &c., on reasonable terms. Having taken out a Conveyancer's License, he will also attend to preparing
DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, WILLS, LEASES, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLERKING AT SALES, &c.
Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable.—Post Office address, Fairfield, Adams co., Pa.
Jan. 1, 1869.—tf

ICE CREAM SALOON.
JOHN GRUEL,
Chambersburg St., Gettysburg,
next door to Eagle Hotel,
Has always on hand a large assortment of all kinds of
CONFECTIONERY,
made of the best materials, with Fruits, Almonds, Raisins, Figs, Cakes, &c.
ICE CREAM
served to customers, and orders for Families or Parties promptly filled. Having special accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen, and determined to please he invites his friends to give him a call.
April 9.—tf

UNPATENTED LANDS.

SURVEYOR GENERAL'S OFFICE,
HARRISBURG, PA., June 22nd, 1869.

To the Owners of Unpatented Lands:

In obedience to an Act of Assembly, approved the eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, you are hereby notified that the "County Land Lien Docket," containing the list of unpatented lands for Adams county, prepared under the Act of Assembly of the twentieth of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and the supplement thereto, has this day been forwarded to the Prothonotary of the county, at whose office it may be examined. The liens can only be liquidated by the payment of the purchase money, interest and fees, and receiving patents through this Department. Proceedings by the Attorney General have been stayed for one year from this date, consequently parties may obtain their patents without additional cost.

JACOB M. CAMPBELL,
Surveyor General.
June 25, 1869.—4m

Business Cards.

ALEX. J. TATE'S
RESTAURANT,
Chambersburg street, next door to the "Keystone Hotel."
ALE, LAGER, POP,
OF THE BEST.
Also, Oysters, Tripe, Turtle-Soup, Cheese, Eggs, and everything usually found in a first-class Restaurant.
☞ GIVE US A CALL. ☜
June 4, 1869.—tf

BLACKSMITHING.
B. G. HOLLEBAUGH
HAS opened a Blacksmith Shop on Washington street, next door to Chritzman's Carpenter Shop, and is prepared to do all kinds of BLACKSMITHING, at reasonable rates, and invites a share of public patronage.
REPAIRING of all kinds. Give me a call.
April 30, 1869—tf

GETTYSBURG BAKERY.
THE firm of Newport & Ziegler having been dissolved, the undersigned will continue the Baking business, in all its branches, at the old stand,
Corner of South Washington and West Middle streets, Gettysburg, Pa.
All kinds of
CRACKERS, CAKES, BREAD, ROLLS, PRETZELS, &c.
constantly baked and always to be had fresh.
With many years experience and every disposition to please, he feels that he can promise satisfaction in all cases. Orders solicited, and promptly attended to. With many thanks for the patronage bestowed on the old firm, its continuance is asked.
BALTZER NEWPORT.
April 9, 1869—tf

SPRING
1869, MILLINERY. 1869.
RESPECTFULLY invites an early inspection of my new stock of
BONNETS & HATS,
Ribbons, Silks, Crapes, Matines, Nets, Blonds, Laces,
FRENCH FLOWERS,
Frames, Gimp and Straw Trimmings. Also,
FANCY GOODS
of every description and the latest styles, all of which I will sell on the lowest cash prices.
April 9.—3m
HARRIET MCCREARY.

A SERVANT FOR ALL.
Roth's Improvement for Opening, Closing and Latching Gates,
MAY be attached to any gate and operated from buggy, horseback or on foot, by one hand, in any desired direction from the gate—opened and closed from one point, without distance from the gate. This improvement is simple and cheap, yet perfect and strong; will not be disarranged by the sagging of the gate, nor by the frost raising the posts; may be made at any country blacksmith's, and easily attached to a gate. The undersigned, having the Right for Adams county, will sell Township and Farm Rights of this improvement.
ROTH & SHANE'S AMERICAN LEVER GATE—which will be found valuable and convenient to all who have gates to drive through—as they remain by their lead, close and latch a gate, without the necessity of getting in the wet or mud.
For further information, &c., address
ISAAC BRICKER,
May 13.—tf Menallen P. O., Adamsco., Pa.

Carriages, Harness, &c.

DAVID MCCREARY. JOHN F. MCCREARY
"Best always Cheapest."
THE Best and Cheapest,
SADDLES, BRIDLES, COLLARS and, HARNESS of all kinds, in the County
are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore st., opposite the Presbyterian Church
(MCCREARY'S.)
Our Riding and Wagon Saddles,
are the most substantially built and neatest.
Riding Bridles, (*plain and silver mounted,*) are complete in every respect and warranted to be of the very best material and workmanship.
Our upper leather Draft Collars,
CAN NOT BE BEAT. They are the best FITTING and most durable.
Our Heavy Draft Harness,
are made to order, as cheap as they can be made anywhere and in the most substantial manner.
Riding Bridles, Whips, Lashes, Draft Halters, Fly-nets and everything in the line; *None better or cheaper.*
Our prices
have been reduced to the lowest living standard.
A liberal percentage for cash, of all bills amounting to $5 or more.
We work nothing but the best of stock and will warrant every article turned out to be in every respect as represented.
Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.
☞ Give us a call and examine PRICES AND QUALITY!
Jan. 29, 1868.—tf D. MCCREARY & SON.

CARRIAGE-MAKING RESUMED.
The war being over, the undersigned have resumed the
CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS,
at their old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,
on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices, and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.
☞ REPAIRING ☜
done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.
A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.
Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.
May 28.—tf DANNER & ZIEGLER.

Buggies and Carriages.
REMOVAL.
THE undersigned has removed his Carriage-making shop to the east end of Middle street, Gettysburg, for where he will continue to build all kinds of work in his line, viz:
CARRIAGES, TROTTENG & FALLING-TOP BUGGIES, JAGGER WAGONS, &C., &C.
His work is all put up of good material and by the best of mechanics, and cannot fail to give satisfaction. His prices are always reasonable. He solicits a share, confident that he can please.
REPAIRING promptly done, at moderate rates.
July 1, 1868.—1y W. K. GALLAGHER.

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES.
PERRY J. TATE
is now building a variety of COACH WORK of the latest and most approved styles; and constructed of the best material, to which he invites the attention of buyers. Having built his work with great care, and of materials selected with special reference to beauty of style and durability, he can confidently recommend the work as unsurpassed by any other in count of the ities. All he asks is an inspection of his work, to convince those in want of any kind of a vehicle that this is the place to buy them.
☞ REPAIRING in every branch done at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Give me a call at my Factory, near the corner of Washington and Chambersburg street Gettysburg, Pa.
June 12, 1867.—tf

NEW HARNESS SHOP,
JOHN CULP
INFORMS his friends and the public generally that he has opened a Shop on Carlisle street, Gettysburg, adjoining the Passenger depot, where he will manufacture and keep on hand all kinds of
HARNESS, BRIDLES, COLLARS, WHIPS, LASHES, FLY-NETS, &c., &c.
which will be sold at the lowest cash prices. Also,
TRUNKS of all kinds.
REPAIRING and MENDING attended to promptly. Having been working at the business for 30 years, I can guarantee the best kind of work, all being made under my own superintendence. Give me a call.
May 7, 1868.—tf JOHN CULP

Life and Fire Insurance.

HOME
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEW YORK.
CASH CAPITAL—TWO MILLION DOLLARS.
Assets Jan. 1, 1869,.....$8,966 282 80.
J. H. WASHBURN, Secretary. CHAS. J. MARTIN, President
GEO. M. LYON, Ass't Secretary. A. F. WILLMARTH, Vice President.
T. B. GREENE, 2d Ass't Secretary. D. A. HEALD, 2d Vice President.
H. A. PICKING, Agent,
West Middle Street, Gettysburg, Pa.
April 30, 1869.—6m

INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NORTH AMERICA,
NO. 232 WALNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA.
INCORPORATED 1794. CHARTER PERPETUAL.
MARINE, INLAND & FIRE INSURANCE.
Issues Limited or Perpetual Policies.
Assets Jan. 1st, 1869,.....$2,348 323 39
$20,000,000 LOSSES PAID IN CASH, SINCE ITS ORGANIZATION.
ARTHUR G. COFFIN, President. CHARLES PLATT, Vice President.
MATHIAS NORRIS, Secretary.
H. A. PICKING, Agent,
Office in West Middle Street, Gettysburg, Pa.
April 30, 1869.—6m

ADAMS COUNTY
MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.
OFFICERS.
President—George Swope.
Vice-President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.
Managers.—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Frederick Diehl, Franklin; H. A. Picking, Straban; Abdiel F. Gitt, New Oxford; Wm. Ross White, Liberty; H. C. Peters, Petersburg (Y. S.)

☞ This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 17 years, and in that period has made but one assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to over $15,000. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to either of the managers.

☞ The Executive Committee meets at the office of Company, on the last Wednesday in every month at 7 o'clock, P. M. [June 10, 1868.—

Livery Stables.

GETTYSBURG LIVERY,
Sales & Exchange Stables.
N. WEAVER & SON, *Proprietors,*
HAVING this day associated with me my son LEVIN in the Livery Business, carried on by me on Washington street for a number of years, I would respectfully return my thanks to the public for the kind patronage heretofore extended to me.
Having now superior accommodations to supply the public, we would solicit a continuation of their patronage.
We claim that we can furnish superior horses at as moderate prices as any other establishment in Gettysburg.
Our stables will be found stocked with the best of Horses and Vehicles.
We can furnish you a fine Hack team with careful and obliging driver for long or short drives. We can furnish you a pair of Horses and Buggy.
We can furnish you a nice single Horse and BUGGY for a lady or gentleman to ride.
We can furnish you a fine Saddle Horse for Gentleman or Lady.
We can furnish you a Family Horse and Carriage.
We can furnish superior facilities for visiting the Battle-field and Springs.
Particular attention paid to supplying Hacks for Funerals.
In fact, you can get any kind of a team to be had in a first class Livery.
HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD
at all times and on reasonable terms. Persons buying Horses at this establishment have a good collection to select from. All Horses sold guaranteed as represented, or no sale.
By strict attention to business, with a desire to please, we hope to have something to do.
NICHOLAS WEAVER,
LEVI J. WEAVER.
April 9, 1869.—tf

THE EAGLE LIVERY,
SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.
Washington Street, Gettysburg, Pa.
ADJOINING THE EAGLE HOTEL.
THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has opened a new LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLE in this place, and is prepared to offer superior accommodations to the public. He has provided himself with Buggies, Carriages, Hacks, Light Wagons, &c., of the latest styles, sufficient to meet the public demand. His horses are all good, without spot or blemish, and perfectly reliable—none of your "old cripples," but all of the "2.40" order.
Riding parties can always be accommodated and comfortable equipments furnished.
Parties, large or small, can get just what they want on the most accommodating terms.
Visitors to the Battle-field politely attended to and reliable drivers furnished if desired.
Parties conveyed to and from the Depot upon the arrival and departure of every train.
Horses bought, sold, or exchanged, and always a chance for bargains given. Our motto is "fair play and no gouging."
☞ Particular attention paid to furnishing Y hicles and Hacks for Funerals.
☞ We flatter ourselves that by charging moderately and by furnishing superior accommodations, we cannot fail to please every one who patronizes our establishment.
May 29, 1867.— E. T. TATE.

Notice to the Public!
THE undersigned is running a Line of Stages from Hagerstown to Gettysburg, leaving former place on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 o'clock, A. M., passing by Lutterburg, Waynesboro', Monterey and Clermont Springs, Fountain Dale and Fairfield, arriving at Gettysburg at half past four o'clock and returning from Gettysburg on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, arriving at Hagerstown to make connection with the 5 o'clock train for Baltimore.
May 21.—tf ANNA WARREN.

Coal, Lumber, Lime, &c.

GETTYSBURG
LIME KILNS.
THE undersigned has bought out his former partner, WM. GUINN, and now continues
THE LIME-BURNING BUSINESS
himself—at the Gettysburg Lime Kilns; on the corner of the Railroad and North Stratton street. Thankful for past patronage, he will endeavor to deserve its continuance, by prosecuting the business as vigorously and on as large a scale as possible—always selling a good article and giving good measure. Farmers and others may look for the prompt filling of orders.
He also continues the
COAL BUSINESS,
offering the most popular kinds. Housekeepers and others should give him a call. Blacksmith Co

The Star & Sentinel.

Friday, Aug. 6, 1869.

Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 11,000 persons.

STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR
GEN. JOHN W. GEARY.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT
HON. HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republicans of Adams county, and all favorable to the Administration of President GRANT, the re-election of that tried and faithful public servant, Gen. JOHN W. GEARY, the election of Judge WILLIAMS to the Supreme Bench, and of the complete triumph of the principle of universal freedom and Republican institutions, are requested to assemble at their usual places of holding Delegate elections, on SATURDAY, AUGUST 21, 1869, to select two Delegates from each District to represent them in County Convention, to be held in the *Court House*, in Gettysburg, on MONDAY, August 23, 1869, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to nominate a County Ticket to be supported at the October Election, and to transact such other business as may come before the Convention.

☞The time for holding the Delegate Elections in all the Districts will be between the hours of 4 and 6 o'clock, P. M., except in the Boroughs of Gettysburg, Littlestown and Berwick, and Huntington township, where they will be held between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock, P. M.

By order of the County Committee.
E. McGINLEY, *Chairman*.
D. McCONAUGHY, *Sec'y*.

THE difference between modern and old-time Democracy is that offices are put up at the auction block instead of slaves. Asa Packer bid highest at their late State Convention, and carried off the Gubernatorial nomination.

DURING the war the Hon. C. L. Vallandigham, the noted rebel from Ohio, was the invited guest of the Hon. Asa Packer, Democratic candidate for Governor, at his residence in Mauch Chunk. Vallandigham was repudiated by the loyal people of Ohio—Packer will fare no better in Pennsylvania.

AN election in Kentucky, for State Treasurer and members of the Legislature, took place on Monday. But little interest was manifested by either party, the State being hopelessly Democratic. The vote was light, and the Democratic majority about 40,000.—Seymour had 76,318 majority last November over Grant.

NASBY had a rough time of it recently in trying to fill an engagement on behalf of the National Democratic Committee, to "stump" Pennsylvania, Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana and Tennessee. He found himself in hot water wherever he went, because of the contradictory character of the party platforms in these States, and finally gave it up in disgust. See his letter in another column.

THE Hon. Isaac Toucy, Secretary of the Navy under Buchanan, died in Hartford, Connecticut, on Friday last. He was suspected of strong sympathy with the Rebels in 1861, and Congress by a vote of 95 to 62, adopted resolutions strongly censuring his administration of the Navy department, especially his accepting, without delay or hindrance, the resignations of officers of the Navy to enable them to enter freely into the service of the Rebellion.

THE forthcoming statement of the public debt will indicate a reduction, during the month of August, of over seven millions of dollars, making a grand total, since the commencement of the new administration, of from forty-one to forty-three millions. This is good news for tax-payers and bondholders; for all who rejoice in the maintenance of the national credit, and at the same desire a diminution of the existing burdens upon industry.

MR. EDWARD ATKINSON, of Boston, has prepared a paper in which he estimates our surplus revenue for the financial year just closed at $50,000,000, and for the financial year ending June 30, 1870, at $100,000,000 more. As most of the surplus must be devoted to buying up our bonds, he anticipates that these will soon advance to par in gold in the European markets, and that it will be easy to change our 5-20 6 ₱ cent. bonds into a long loan at 4½ ₱ cent., exempt from taxation.

EVERY Governor of the State of Pennsylvania has been a native-born Pennsylvania. Mifflin was born in Philadelphia, M'Kean in Chester county, Snyder in Lancaster, Findlay in Franklin, Hiester, Shulze and Ritner, in Berks, Wolf in Northumberland, Porter and Shunk in Montgomery, Johnston and Geary in Westmoreland, Bigler in Cumberland, Pollock in Northumberland, and W. F. Packer and Curtin in Centre. The people of Pennsylvania have no idea that the harmony of this list shall be broken by adding to it the name of a "Connecticut carpet-bagger."

A NEW and dangerous counterfeit $10 Greenback has recently made its appearance, so well executed as to defy detection by some of the experts in the Treasury Department. At first glance it appears to be a perfect imitation, and the printing seems to have been done from the original plates. The borders, and the engraving of the borders, usually a good test for detection, are here equal to the engraving on the original notes. It would be well for persons not good judges of paper money to be careful in receiving notes of this denomination. The tests of the new counterfeit are given in the city papers:

In the original the shading around the 10 in the medallion appears like a fine network, and runs close up to the figures. In the counterfeit note this shading is "picked up," and becomes coarse as it reaches the figures, forming a light streak or circular haze, similar to that about the moon before rain. There is no haze in the genuine note. This is a slight point for detection. A clearer one is the fact that, in the original notes, within the light circle running under the figures 10, there are three and a third dots on the left of the figure 1. In the counterfeit bill the one-third dot is missing. The following diagrams will explain the difference:—

10	10
Spurious.	Genuine.

But an infallible mark of distinction is found under the left wing of the eagle. In the genuine notes are four distinct rows of feathers under the wing. In the counterfeits these rows of feathers are undefined, and this seems to be the only weak spot in the whole engraving.

TOTAL ECLIPSE OF THE SUN.

To-morrow, August [illegible] the unusual event of a total eclipse of the sun will be witnessed in a portion of the United States. The recurrence of this phenomenon in the same locality is very rare. The celebrated astronomer, Halley, computed in 1715 that up to that date no total eclipse of the Sun had occurred at London for a period of 576 years. And since that date none has occurred at that place.—At Paris, during the Eighteenth Century, but one total eclipse of the Sun was seen, that of 1724; and during the Nineteenth Century none has been, or will be, seen, We are told by astronomers at Washington that "no total eclipse of the sun has been visible in any considerable portion of this country since 1834, and none will be visible after this year during the present century."

The total eclipse of this year will be visible along a track about 140 miles wide, and more than 6,600 miles long. It begins in Siberia, where it takes a north-easterly course, till it crosses a little south of Behring's Straits, after which it turns its course south-easterly, traversing portions of our new territory of Alaska, thence into British America, and through Montana, Dakota, Nebraska, Iowa, Missouri, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Tennessee, and North Carolina. It ends in the Atlantic Ocean, off the coast of the last mentioned State. All places situated on the central line of this track will have the sun totally obscured for a period varying from 2m. 23s. to 3m. 47.3s. according to geographical position.—Places situated on the borders of the track, or about 70 miles on either side of the central line, will have the sun just covered completely for an instant; and the duration of the total phase will be greater the nearer the place is to the central line. Outside of the track of total phase, on the northern side, only a partial eclipse of the sun's southern limb, and on the south-side of the track a partial eclipse of the northern limb will be seen. But the duration and magnitude of the partial eclipse will be greater in proportion as the place of observation is nearer the borders of the track of total phase.

At Gettysburg, and along the southern border of Pennsylvania, about five-sixths of the sun will be observed, commencing about five minutes after 5 o'clock in the evening and ending about 7. The late hour of the day at which the eclipse takes place, will make the phenomenon more marked even where not total.

Total eclipses of the sun have always attracted great attention from astronomers, the observations made on these occasions bearing largely on the problem of the sun's constitution, and related scientific topics. Especial interest attaches to the eclipse of to-morrow, and a number of scientific parties, some organized by the Government and some by private enterprise, have gone to various points on the line of total eclipse, with improved instruments for observation, of recent invention.—Among these expeditions is one from Philadelphia, organized by Prof. Morton, and connected with which are Prof. Mayer, formerly of Pennsylvania College, and Prof. Himes of Dickinson College. They take with them the fine equatorial telescope belonging to Pennsylvania College, the use of which was granted by the Board of Trustees at their late meeting. Among the problems, the solution of which will engage the attention of observers, will be the discovery of the additional planet or planets thought to be within the orbit of Mercury, the existence of which has been affirmed by La Verrier and other astronomers as necessary to account for certain disturbances in the planetary system, unexplainable on any other theory, but which have heretofore defied the power of telescopes to discover.

The phenomenon, even in this locality, will be an interesting one. Should the evening be favorable some of the phenomena peculiar to a total eclipse—such as the corona around the moon, and the appearance of the larger planets and fixed stars—may be observable, if pains be taken to screen off the remaining bright crescent of the sun. Where nothing better can be had, a piece of plain glass, smoked over a candle or lamp, in some parts more deeply shaded than in others, to suit the varying intensity of the sun's rays during the progress of the eclipse, will enable the observer to see most of the phenomena. Pieces of red or ruby tinted glass, of different shades or depths, can be used to advantage, instead of smoked glass.

A CONTRAST.

Nearly a generation ago, says the Beaver *Radical*, Geary and Packer were both Democrats. The Democratic party embroiled the country in the Mexican war, that additional territory might be secured for slavery. Packer, a cold, scheming, money-getting man, supported the war for that reason.—Geary, young, brave, enthusiastic, and patriotic, led his command against a hostile army without inquiring into aims and motives of the war. It was enough for him to know that his country was waging war, and like a soldier, he inquired very little beyond the fact that the flag should be upheld. Years after, when slavery demanded that Kansas should have the accursed institution forced upon her against her will, Packer favored the execrable project, while Geary, sent out as Governor, did his best to thwart the villainy. Afterwards, when the shock, engendered by the Kansas-Nebraska iniquity, was about to tear the Nation, Packer sympathized with secession, while Geary again drew his sword against that heresy and crime. Geary held our country to be a nation with the right and power to defend its life; Packer insisted that it was a rope of sand, and that "coercion" was treason. Geary believed that South Carolina committed treason by firing upon the American flag; Packer that Massachusetts committed treason by being in favor of liberty. While Geary was drilling his regiment for the field, Packer was whining about "making war on our Southern brethern." When Geary was driven back defeated, and reinforcements were demanded, Packer was hand-in-glove with the Copperheads in preventing enlistments. When volunteering was well nigh stopped by Packer and his party, and Geary was in sore need of men, the party who now honor Packer, and their candidates, were doing all they could to obstruct the draft, even to the shooting of Provost Marshals. All through that bloody period Geary was supporting his country with his blood; Packer was doing everything to thwart and defeat her.

And now that the fearful conflict has passed, the difference between these two men and their supporters remains, and these two have become representatives of the policy and the principles now animating their followers. Geary insists that the party which saved the Republic should rule; Packer, that those who endeavored to destroy the Government, encouraged the Rebellion, resisted the drafts, and denounced our soldiers as unfit to govern.—Geary and his party demand that the Treasury of the United States shall be honestly administered; Packer and his party, that the bonds of the Government and Rebellion restored to power. Geary, who preferred to serve his country instead of devoting his time to amassing wealth, insists that the national debt, contracted to carry on the war against Treason, shall be paid in good faith; Packer, who instead of serving the country, devoted all his efforts to amassing a colossal fortune, affiliates with those who would repudiate this debt and beggar countless widows and orphans, and dishonor the nation. Both have been earnest and consistent in their aims and purposes, and between them the people of Pennsylvania must choose. On that choice rests the future welfare of the State, and we do not doubt the Republicans of Adams county are prepared to accept the issue again presented by the Democratic party in the nomination of an anti-War, Peace-at-any-piece candidate for Governor, and affirm their continued adhesion to the cause that saved the country.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

Secretary BOUTWELL'S monthly summary of the state of the public debt for July continues to show the result of an honest collection of the taxes, an economical administration of the Government, and a wise appliance of the surplus means of the Treasury to the sustainment of the public credit. The apparent decrease in the debt during the month of July was $7,435,744,29, the actual decrease was $1,636,861,37 more the Treasury having advanced that amount in interest on the Pacific Railroad bonds during the month. During the five months since March 1st, when a Republican Administration became responsible for the management of the National finances, the entire decrease in the public debt has been $43,896,522,-72. This is an average decrease of about $8,779,000 a month, and over one hundred millions if continued throughout the year. Of the decrease since March, $27,042,737 is actually in the shape of a sinking fund of United States coin interest bonds, and interest collected or accrued thereon, or in other similar bonds and interest thereon, purchased by the Secretary and held to await the action of Congress hereafter. The formation of this sinking fund has so wholly met the approval of the country that we cannot doubt that Congress will direct the whole amount, now in the Treasury or which the Secretary may purchase before its meeting, to be converted into that fund, to be held inviolate, with its accruing interest, for the redemption of the public debt.

There is no reason to doubt that, with the same faithful collection of the taxes and a continuance of the economy that has marked the present Administration we shall be fully able to continue the average decrease of the present year, and by the 1st of March, 1870, show that we owe one hundred millions of dollars less than in March, 1869. The actual expenditures of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30th were about $320,500,000, the receipts $370,500,000, showing a surplus of $50,000,000. But in that year we paid $7,200,000 in gold for Alaska, and $18,500,000 for bounties. We do not propose at present to dabble further in the real estate market, and $3,000,000 more will entirely settle the bounty account. Here are two important items, aggregating nearly $25,000,000, to be taken out of the expenditure account for the current year. Taking into account the more effectual collection of the taxes and their natural increase by the growth of the country, the estimate of one hundred millions surplus for the first year of General Grant's Administration is not at all excessive, and more likely to be exceeded than not.—*Baltimore American.*

THE Tennessee State election took place yesterday. We have no returns up to the hour of going to press. The Republicans are divided, as in Virginia, one wing running Senter for Governor and the other Stokes. Both claim to be Republicans, and pledge themselves to support Grant's administration and Manhood Suffrage. The Democrats have no candidate, but go for Senter, negro suffrage and all, as did their brethern in Virginia. Senter was probably elected.

THE Commissioner of Internal Revenue is of the opinion that he has succeeded in suppressing pretty effectually illicit distilleries in every section of the country except in Philadelphia, where he yet hears of considerable trouble between distillers and Assessors. In New York he has found a vast amount of illicit distillation, which has resulted in the closing of most of the distilleries there.

THE returns of the election in Alabama, on Tuesday, come in slowly.—The latest returns indicate the election of four Republicans and one Democratic member of Congress, with one district in doubt.

OHIO.—In Ohio the pending political contest will be complicated by the introduction of the public school question. The Catholics of the State, or a portion of them at least, under the generalship of the Archbishop of Cincinnati, are desirous of overturning the present public school system and supplying its place with denominational schools. The Republican party is strongly opposed to this plan, and the Republican journals are speaking out strongly in favor of the system as it is, under which some three millions of dollars are annually expended for public school education. It is understood that General Rosecrans, the Democratic candidate for Governor, is in favor of the proposed change, but the Democratic papers generally ignore the question and do not commit themselves upon either side.

CURTAILING EXPENSES.—The Administration continues to cut down expenses in every quarter, and President Grant is fulfilling his promises to manage the affairs of the Government in as economical a manner as possible. The curtailing process is being pursued with especial vigor in the Revenue Department. Hundreds of assistants are being discharged all over the country in accordance with instructions from Secretary Boutwell, and the work which was formerly partitioned among four, five or more assistant Assessors and Collectors is now performed by half that number. We predict that this work of retrenchment will continue to be pushed until by another year's time a very great diminution in the national expenditures will appear.

AMONG the comfortable Philadelphia incomes this year are those of J. B. Lippincott, $85,200; H. G. Morris, $107,286; Charles J. Peterson, $32,506; S. P. M. Tasker, $115,000; and T. T. Tasker, Jr., $149,556; J. A. Brown, $112,826; J. Gillingham Fell, $195,820; Henry C. Gibson, $279,541; Charles C. Harrison, $106,574; L. A. Gody, $39,880, and the ex-Secretary of the Navy less than $8,000.

BRIEF MENTION OF GENERAL NEWS.

A MAN forty years old recently had delirium tremens in Richmond, Indiana.

DROUGHT is known in Kansas. Destructive thunder and hail storms in Texas.

A case of life is reported.

GEN. GREY has been appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for the Twentieth District of Pennsylvania.

GENERAL B. F. Butler thinks that Congress only can do away with the test oath of Virginia.

No opposition will be made to the working of the French Atlantic Cable until session of Congress.

AN international exhibition of fine arts, industrial arts and scientific inventions is proposed to be held in London in 1871.

A BOSTONIAN has raised this season, on a plot of less than two acres, twenty-five hundred dollars worth of strawberries.

A FIRST-RATE base ball player is paid about $1500 a year, and can always get a situation at that salary in any leading club.

ORDERS have been received by one house in San Francisco, from Chicago, for six tons of grapes and pears, of the early crop.

ON Thursday Charles Meyer and his young wife, and their family governess, were drowned while bathing in the surf at Southampton, L. I.

IN the Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance, of Eastern New York, there are four hundred fifty Subordinate Divisions, with twenty-two thousand members.

A CITIZEN of Brunswick, Maine, has within three years taken $900 worth of squashes from a little more than an acre of land.

SOME Parisian *gourmands* lately dined on rats, and expressed themselves delighted with the delicious and succulent properties of the flesh.

THE Prussian Government is the only European power which owns a house in Washington for the permanent use of its legation.

MILTON Alden, inventor and manufacturer of agricultural implements, was killed in the machinery of his establishment, at Auburn, N. Y., last week.

ON Monday a dreadful accident occurred in the coal mines near Dresden. Over three hundred were killed outright. The accident is attributed to stormy weather.

No regular Cabinet meeting will be held until about the first of September. Secretary Rawlins and Cox are the only members of the Cabinet now at Washington.

AN immense twenty-inch gun made at Pittsburgh, weighing fifty-seven tons, and throwing a 1,100 pounds ball, was landed at Fortress Monroe on Saturday.

GEORGE Peabody, W. W. Corcoran and the Messrs. Cooke are among the signers of a call for a meeting to make preliminary arrangements for an International Exposition at Washington.

THE *Opinione Nationale* publishes that France employs 502,812 public functionaries, whose united salaries amount to $68,283,555. The Emperor and the imperial family enjoy an income of $5,300,000.

A LARGE concourse at a funeral in Nashville were quite disappointed at the corpse getting up in the coffin and proclaiming himself alive. The services were completely interrupted.

A FAMILY of six persons—father, mother, two grown daughters and two infants—were capsized from a small boat on the North River on Friday evening. All but the infants were drowned.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL Creswell is rapidly recovering from his recent injuries. He is expected to be in Washington on Monday next.

Two Government officers were sent to Philadelphia last week to look after the distilleries there. They made a full inspection, the result of which will probably be the stoppage of all the distilleries in the city of Philadelphia within ten days.

ANOTHER case of death through the carelessness of a druggist's clerk is announced. In Boston an infant has been killed "by repeated poisonous doses of laudanum carelessly dispensed for paragoric," by a druggist's clerk.

IN Baltimore, on Friday, a sick person died suddenly. An investigation revealed the fact that the physician had ordered a dose of *aqua cinnamon*, and the apothecary gave *aqua ammonia*. The result was the speedy death of the patient.

ATTORNEY General Williamson, of Indiana, has decided that colored children in that State are, in virtue of a law passed by the last Legislature, entitled to be organized at once into separate schools, having all the rights and privilges of the schools.

Now that the English Liberals have succeeded in establishing one great measure of political reform—the disestablishment of the Irish Church—it is said that their next movement will be to bring before Parliament a thorough and complete scheme in favor of popular education.

A SOUTHERN paper says mosquitoes may be driven from a room by placing a piece of gum camphor one-third the size of a common egg in a tin vessel and evaporating it by holding it over a lamp, taking care it does not ignite. The smoke will fill the room and expel the mosquitoes.

A BOY while angling in the canal at Cincinnati, the other day, got what he thought a very promising bite. He cautiously drew in his line, when he found he had on the hook a small tin box, which he found to contain $80 in silver, $40 in greenbacks, and two gold rings worth $10 each.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Country Gentleman* in an article on raising wheat says: "If the farmers of this State would try one-half as hard to raise their own bread as some of them do to raise fast horses to spoil their children with, we should soon hear the last of importing wheat from the West."

THE editor of the *Prairie Herald*, published near the Rocky Mountains, says he can look out from his office and see antelopes, wolves and foxes disporting themselves. Two bears were among his recent visitors, but in consequence of the noise of the cars he is no longer troubled with buffaloes.

THE Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company having promised to pay all expenses incurred in restoring Judge J. S. Black's arm, which was crushed by an accident on that road two months ago, the attending physicians have made out a bill of $6,500 for services. The Directors of the road innocently think the charge exhorbitant.

THERE royal events are promised to France. The Empress, it is said, will visit the Sultan of Turkey, on the 30th of September, at Constantinople, whence she will probably go to the opening of the Suez Canal. On the 15th of August the Centenary of Napoleon the Great will be observed, and France have occasion to approve or disapprove the saying of his successor—that homage to great men is one way of recognizing God.

Two Irishmen stopping at the Island House, Toledo, lit their gas, and, with windows open, sat down to enjoy a chat. The hungriest of Toledo mosquitoes soon flocked in and drove them desperate. The clerk, who was summoned to devise some defense against them, told them to close the windows and put out the gas. They acted on the suggestion and placed themselves between the sheets. Just as they began to doze, a lightning bug, which had strayed into the room, caught the eye of one of the travelers. He roused his companion with a punch. "Jamie, Jamie, it's no use! Here's one of the craturs surchin' for us wid a lantern!".

A BOX OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

CARROLL.—A patent for a Coal Stove has been re-issued to R. R. Vardien, of Uniontown. Another Building Association is to be started in Westminster.—A Camp Meeting for Westminster Circuit will commence on the 20th instant, on the lands of M. Gorsuch, two miles from Westminster. It is expected to be the largest camp meeting ever held in Western Maryland.—Thomas Wood, of Charles county, had an exhibition in Westminster, last week, a colt, well formed and perfect in all its parts, except that the forelegs are entirely wanting. The animal is between three and four months old, healthy and in good condition, and is able to walk fifteen or twenty paces alone, standing erect like a Kangaroo. In rising and lying down, it requires to be assisted.

CUMBERLAND.—A rogue, who has been passing by name of L. B. Brown, has been operating extensively in the line of forged checks, &c., on the First National Bank of Shippensburg. The Cashier of that Bank has been receiving, for a month or more, letters from Dubuque, Iowa, and other points, inquiring as the responsibility of a gentleman who claimed to be a relative and referred to the cashier as to his responsibility. Last week he turned up in Boston, and was arrested on the charge of forging drafts on Banks in that city and New York, drawn on the Shippensburg Bank.—The shop of Festure McClure, Newburg, was entered by burglars on the night of the 23d ult., and robbed of boots and shoes to the amount of $30.—The wife of John Stumbaugh, of Shippensburg, died suddenly of appoplexy on the 29th ult.—Mary Goodin, colored, died of dropsy in Carlisle last week, aged 39 years. She weighed 400 pounds, and the coffin required was 20 inches in depth and 30 across the shoulder. She was a native of Adams county.

FRANKLIN.—The cabinet ware manufactory of Henry Sierer, in Chambersburg, was destroyed by fire on Sunday morning last; loss over $5,000.—A Patent for a Grain Drill was issued from the United States Patent Office, during the week ending July 27th, to Mr. J. B. Corwell, of Greencastle, this County.—William Holbert, aged 70 years, engaged in Brewster's Mill, near Fannetsburg, was found dead in the mill several weeks ago; he was intemperate and probably died from the effects of liquor.—George Bowers, of Fannetsburg, died suddenly on the 9th ult., of heart disease, aged 20 years.—The Republican County Convention met on Tuesday and nominated the following ticket: Assembly, Col. W. C. McKnight, of Antrim; Prothonotary, J. A. Hyasong, of Mercersburg; Register and Recorder, H. C. Greenawalt, of Green; Clerk of the Courts, Lewis W. Detrich, of Hamilton; Treasurer, Capt. James C. Patton, of Mercersburg; Commissioner, Capt. John Deobler, of Chambersburg; Director, John Frey, of Guilford; Auditor, Isaac Miller, of Green; Coroner, Dr. J. A. Maclay, of Green.—Rev. H. H. W. Hibschman was installed Pastor of the German Reformed Church in Waynesboro, on the 27th ult.—Maggie, youngest daughter of H. F. Snider, of Fayettesville, fell from a bench last week and broke her arm.—A new Methodist congregation has been organized at Chambersburg, and Rev. F. Dyson appointed as a supply.—A lad named Stalliper, residing in the Little Cove, near the Maryland line, was drowned last Saturday afternoon, while bathing in the creek near Zimmerman's Mill.

YORK.—Prof. John A. Light will make a balloon ascension in Hanover on Wednesday next.—Samual Shirk and two other gentlemen of Hanover last week shot 43 woodcocks between Hanover and Littlestown.—The members of the Evangelical Church on York Circuit, will hold a camp meeting in a grove on the farm of Mrs. Flora, in Lower Windsor township, which will commence on Monday August 9th, and continue during the week.—The York County Agricultural Society will hold its annual exhibition at York on the 5th, 6th, 7th, and 8th days of October, 1869.—James A. B. Staud was arrested in Harrisburg on Saturday, for stealing a horse from George Hartman, of Dillsburg.

[For the Star and Sentinel.

WHY NOT DO IT RIGHT AT FIRST?—Look at that tombstone, leaning over like a drunken man; and near it is another toppling the other way! There too is an iron railing, all awry; and stone coping, so out of position as to draw the upper rails quite out of their place, making things look like a broken down fence; the stones have gaps inches wide between them!

Look again at the granite steps in front of that house. They would seem substantial and pretty, if they were not all out of plumb. And there's a pavement, that hasn't been laid a long while, and already the bricks are getting loose, ready to spatter mud on blackened shoes and clean skirts, no matter how carefully one walks; and crossings, intended (one would suppose) to turn the water, are basin shaped, forming pools as regularly as it rains. See how those workmen (paid by the people's money, I reckon,) are making yonder crossing; they lay the stones (already basin shaped) *lower* than the ground around, then fill in the interstices with *mud* and *dirt* instead of stone coatings and sand; *this is to walk on!*

There is a man who has to raise his pavement a foot or lower it several inches, because the Town Council gave him the *wrong grade* before; did they *guess* at it? Or may be, he didn't inquire after the proper grade, or the workmen neglected to follow it. There is a new house that looks well; but go into it. The walls are cracked, the ceilings ditto; some of the plastering is falling down; the floors creak as you walk over them, and the windows will neither go up nor down!

Why is all this? Stone cutters and Masons say it is owing to the *frost*. Bricklayers saying it is owing to the quality of *the sand!* Street Supervisors say the crossings were not *split straight*, and in laying them—(the chief thing was to get an order on the Treasurer.) Builders say the *lumber wasn't dry*, and the *joists sunk*. Plasterers say *the materials are not good*. All this is very comforting to those who paid first class prices for work done! It is like accounting for a tumble, in which one blackens his face and scratches his hands, by *the law of gravitation*, or saying the sun shines because it gives light! A sounder verdict is "*poor work*," "*bad job*;" and an answer is loudly called for to the question at the top of this article.—Perhaps because, if mechanics did their work WELL at first, there would be little money spent on *constant repairs*.

U.

INCOME RETURNS.—The New York *Tribune* recently published complete lists of all the income taxpayers of New York City and the surrounding counties. Upon examining the lists it was found that large numbers of the wealthiest citizens had made no return of assessable incomes, while many of those whose names were on the lists had returned nominal incomes of a few hundred dollars. The *Tribune* also named some of those who made no return, denominating them the "poor men of New York." We notice among this latter class a number of prominent democratic politicians, aldermen, officers of the corporation and several members of Congress; including Fernando and Ben Wood and John Morrissey. Some of the parties named have, since the *Tribune's* publication, voluntarily presented returns of their incomes by which the government has been made some hundred thousand dollars richer. The attention of the internal revenue officers having been directed to the matter, they are following it up, and seem to have found a rich placer, which, if properly worked, will yield a golden harvest.

LETTER FROM NASBY.

Mr. Nasby Reviews the Report from the Democratic National Committee—Invitation him to Address Meetings in Various States—Is Asked to Speak in Ohio—Declines—Is Appointed by the Committee to Travel and Speak.

PETTER'S TAVERN, KOHLUS Co., O., Aug. 1869.

PAUL, the poolel, in his epistle to the Second Corinthians, remarks as follows: "Thrice was I beaten with rods, wunst was I stoned. * * * * In journeyins often, in perils uv water, in perils among false brethern."

PAUL wus doubless a devoted man, and suffered much, but I kin give PAUL fifty in a hundred on the skore uv suffrin for a coz and beat him. I hevnt bin in any peril uv water for I never let that element get neer me in any shape, but I hev bin beaten with rods; I hev bin stoned ez wuz PAUL, and I hev bin pelted with rotten eggs, ez PAUL wuz not, at least ther ain't no akkount uv it in the Skriptoors. Indeed, I don't remember that eggs, ez evidences uv popler disapprobashun uv publik speekers, wuz ever menshend in the Bible. The Jews hed either not diskivered ther effishency, or the price wuz too high in Joodee to make the, yoose common for sich purposes.

Two weeks ago I receeved a letter from the Chairman uv the Nashnel Dimocratic Committee, requesten me to take the stump in Ohio, Pennsylvany, Injeany and Tennessee. I alluz go wher dooty calls, perviding expenses is paid, and that being rekoored I started to-wunst. That I didn't succeed, and that I am back here in ten days, hevin in that brief time completed the toor uv four States, is no fault of mine. It yoost to be the bosst uv Dimocracy that it wuz one and the same everywhere. It's one and a good many now, and that my intelleck ain't hefty enuff to hold and comprehend the whole uv it, is no fault of mine. Rather set it down to the account uv them wich made these differences, wich are too far apart for any one man to straddle. I feel sensitive on the question. I write these lines with my face kivvered with plasters and my left arm in a sling.

I commenced my labors in Ohio, in this county uv Holmes, which gave more patriots to that noble force wich resisted drafts and shot provo-marshals than any one in the State. Feelin uv course, that I must support the nominees uv the party, I launched out boldly into the vigorous eulogy uv ROSECRANS. I spoke in that style uv fervid oratory wich I learned uv HENRY CLAY DEAN, wich ie uv the sky rocket order, ez tho the speaker hed bin born half-way betwixt a camp-meetin and a torch-light perceshun. The sturdy Democracy uv Holmes are ez troo Democrats ez the State kin boast, but they don't think ez rapidly ez they act. They learned some years ago that ROSECRANS wuz a Fedral Genral and that his men wuz the cheef actors in huntin uv em down in 1862-3, but they hevnt got to the pint yit uv lookin at him ez a Dimocrat candidate. Therefore the moment I spoke uv "ROSECRANS the gallant soljer, wich is now a candidate for Governor," they yelled in a outburst uv rage: "Down with the Ablishn emissary wich praises a bloo-bellied butcher," and bombarded me with stones, rotten eggs, and sich.

It wuz yooseless to attempt to continyoo to speak and I succumbed. Troo, the leaders got em rite on the Governor that nite, but I coodent speek to em agin, ez my injouries wuz too severe.

The next pint I wuz advised for wuz in a close county, wher the Democrisy hed bin parshelly under blood thirsty influoences durin the late onpleasantness, and wher ther show uv success in capcherin the county offices consists in their gobblin a hundred or so Republikin votes. Sposin from the eggsperience I hed that prasin solgers wuznt the dodge in Ohio, I opened out with a viggrus denunsishun uv the LINKIN hireins wich brot on to the country the woes wich we wuz now sufferin under, gettin off flooently the speech I yoosed in the VALLANDYGUM campane in 1863. Immejitly ther was another uproar. The candidates choked me orf, and ther friends in the aujence pelted me with sticks and stones, and ez I wuz bein carried away I hed the satisfachun uv herein a speeker dammin the committee for sendin uv an escaped loonatic to speek to em.

My eggsperience in Ohio wuz not uv a nacher calculated to please me, and I moved to wunst to Pennsylvany.

I felt good ez I struck that sakrid soil. Here, thot I to myself, is a State uv laborers. Here is a State into wich I shel only meet the brawny-armed and horny-handed sons uv toil. Here, for wunst, my path is cleer.

I opened out at my first meetin furiously agin bonds, agin monopolies, agin bloated bond-holders, agin the aristocratic men uv wealth, wich, by akumulatin bonds, hev managed to get into ther hands enuff to subsist onto, thus wringin gorjus luxuries out uv the sweat uv the labrin men, and then rememberin my last Ohio eggsperience, had just commenced to branch out eulogistic uv the noble men who opposed copperheadism doorin the war, when the most unearthly yell ther ever wuz heerd assailed me.

"Who brot you here to abooze our candidate for Governor?" shouted the infooriated mob, and stones and sticks began to fly like hail about me. I stood this till two enthoosiastic admirers uv PACKER rushed to a grocery handy by, and returned in a thinit with a baskit uv eggs. Them I never cood stand, and demoralized and bewildered I left Pennsylvany.

I made my way imejitly to Tennessee, where I wuz taken charge uv by the Dimocrisy which is supportin SENTER. I wuz somewat in doubt ez to wat pertikiler kind uv Democrisy to go for, but at my first meetin I notist perhaps a thousand disgustin niggers mixing in the crowd. To-wunst my line uv ackshun wuz decided onto. There is a reality, thought I, in the repugnanse the nateral Caucasian feels toward the nateral Afrikin; and here, where the nigger elbows his way impoodently among whites, wat better string kin I harp on than nigger suffrage? Confident in the correctness uv my theory, I opened out onto the nigger with the ferocity uv the tiger. "Men uv Tennessee—Democrats uv the State uv JACKSON," yelled I, "are you willin to stand side by side with the greasy, disgutin nigger, whose smell alone is a suffishent warnin agin too close relashenship, politikle or soshel, with em. Dimocrats uv Tennessee! Will you consent that that disgustin beast," (I pinted to one pekooleyrly offensive) "shel be yoor ekal, and that—"

I got no further. A shower uv stones, varyin in size from a hen's egg to them neerly ez large ez that we yoosed ez a corner-stone for the Military and Claslkle Institoot, overwhelmed me, and the indignant white Democrats pounded me and trampled onto me for aboozin their Afrikin friends, and wat wuz wuss for singlin out ez a object for my insane ribaldry, ther honored candidate for the Legislacher!

Ingeany was my next essay and my last. My first meetin wuz held in a spot pekooleyrly favorable for such purposes. The village wuz small, consistin uv a grocery, blacksmith shop and store, and there wuz a distillery, the proud boast uv the proprieter uv which wuz that he hed never paid a cent uv tax to a tirankle government, and the aujence wuz large and enthosiastic. From my experience in Tennessee, I spozed that probably the Democracy hed abandoned its opposition to nigger suffrage, and seein no niggers, I judged it would be perfectly safe to try myself on that shoot then and there. I accordingly opened out with a vigurous denunsiashun uv them wich wuz so bigoted and so prejoodist ez to deny the ballot to all men, black ez well ez white.

I didn't git no further. The Democracy uv Injeany is ez lively ez them uv Tennessee, Pennsylvania and Ohio. There is a good crop uv stones in that section, and the air wuz suddenly filled with em, and all uv em wuz flying in the direcshun uv me.

"Down with the d—d nigger lovin Ablishnist!" shouted the infooriated populis, and my heels alone saved my life.

* * * * * * *

I am back in my room under PERRIN'S hospitable roof in Holmes County, Ohio, hevin made the toor uv four States in two weeks. The follerin letter wuz this mornin forwardid to the Chairman uv the Nashenel Democratic Central Committee in Noo York:

"SIR:—I am willin to lift my voice in behalf uv the Democracy, but I can't afford to do it too miscellaneously. I can't spred myself ore too much teritory, ez things politikle are at this time. Travelin expenses and unlimited whiskey is good, but life is better. I can't afford to give my stumick a good time at the expense uv the rest uv my anatomicle structer. I hev bin egged in Ohio, stoned in Pennsylvany, stomped on in Tennessee, and clubed in Injeany for advocatin Democrisy ez I understand it.—Now, sir, I am willin to proceed in the mishnary bizzis, but only these condishuns:

1. I am to go only in one State.

2. Yoo must furnish me before I start a legibly printed copy uv the Democratic platform uv the pertikeler State into wich I am to speek.

3. Yoo must give me, before spekin, with an authentic biography uv each uv the Democratic candidates uv the State into wich I am to speek, statin fully their race, color, finanshel condishun, views on all the questions before the people, parentage and antecedents.

I consider this necessary in the present highly mixed condishun uv the Democracy, to prevent our orators from fallin into sich errors ez them wich neerly laid me a cold corpse into the silent toom.

Respectfully.

PETROLEUM V. NASBY.
Wich wuz Post Master.

THE BEST.—Tonics have of late years gained rapidly in public estimation, and are far more generally employed by first-class physicians than they once were. The reason for this is that it is a generally established fact that wholesome tonics used in moderation daily for years do not loose their virtue, neither do they injure the system.—They act in fact like air and exercise, and not as "medicines," which are intended solely for attacks of illness. The BITTER PRINCIPLES, especially those of vegetable origin, all possess the common property of stimulating the appetite, strengthening the nervous system, and of imparting strength. Women generally derive benefit from them even more than men, their system being more liable to debility and exhaustion.—We have again and again in our experience seen the good effects of tonics where the eyes had grown dim and the cheeks pale, and the entire frame showed every indication of exhaustion, nervous suffering and debility.

The best established bitters before the American public are beyond question those of Dr. Stoever, and this is equivalent to declaring that they are the best, since among the scores of really excellent bitters now current, a poor article has no chance of success whatever. The most ignorant person can tell at once by its effects, almost from a single dose, whether any bitters are good or bad. These of Stoever have been sold for thirty years, are composed of sixteen of the safest roots and herbs of a well known tonic virtue, so skillfully selected and compounded with regard to their mutual effects, that it may be doubted whether any more perfect form of this medicine can be made.

Thousands of persons are exposed to or afflicted with fever and ague, bilious ague or other results of malaria. Let them remember that these bitters are as admirable in such cases, as for diarrhœa and cholera morbus, or any ordinary derangement of the stomach. Try them and be satisfied that they should be in the stores of every family, and the trunk of every traveler.

It is a favorable feature in the advertisement of the proprietors of Dr. Stoever's Tonic Herb Bitters, that no claims are made that they will cure every ill that flesh is heir to. The weakest intellect can hardly be imposed upon when told that this or that remedy will remove every form of disease in every stage, and yet we can not take up the majority of journals without encountering

Local and Personal Sales.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned will sell at Public Vendue, on the premises, on *Thursday, the 2nd day of September next*, that valuable property known as the "Wilson Farm," adjoining the Village of Mummasburg and lands of John Hartman, Andrew Chalk, Reuben Dansdorff, and others, containing 150 Acres, more or less, with a good Log Dwelling House, Bank Barn and other out-buildings. Also, a good Dwelling House and Stable, and other improvements on the other end of the farm. Also, 30 Acres, more or less, of valuable Chestnut timber Land, about three miles from the farm, and near in connection with it. The farm last is of excellent quality and has been nearly all limed. It is well supplied with running water and good Springs, and has a young orchard of choice Apples, Peaches, Grapes, &c.

This farm is very desirable, and any person wishing to buy will do well to attend the sale. It is divided by the Turnpike road and one set of buildings with several acres of land, adjoining the road, may be sold separately if desired, and immediate possession given.

Also, at the same time and place will be sold the following Personal Property, to wit:

2 VERY VALUABLE MILCH COWS, 2 Choice Hogs, one a broad Sow (Chester breed), a Harrison, Cookin Stove, Copper Kettle, Meat Cutter, 2 saddles, a Clock, a Set of Carpet, a lot of Boards, several tons of Hay, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

For further information previous to the day of sale inquire of Mr. Allen or Dr. Wilson at Mummasburg, Penna.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

E. G. McCREARY,
Executor of Jas. King Wilson and by
MARTHA J. WILSON,
SUSAN WILSON.

July 30—ts

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned, intending to change business, will sell at Public Sale, on *Saturday, September, 18th 1869*, the following Property, situated in Latimore township, Adams county, Pa., about three miles north-east of Petersburg, and one mile north of Deardorff's Mill, containing 57 ACRES OF PATENTED LAND, more or less, adjoining lands of Jacob Stittel, John Bushey, the heirs of Abraham Bream, and others.

The land is all in a high state of cultivation and in a good state of fencing. The improvements are a good TWO-STORY WEATHERBOARDED HOUSE, with attached Kitchen, Spring-house, and other out-building, recently been lately repaired inside and out, and a spring of good water convenient to the house, with Spring House, a good Bank Barn, Wagon Shed attached, and a well of never-failing water at the barn-yard. Also, a good Shop, Dry House, Wood House, Hog Pen, and other outbuildings. A good orchard of choice Apple, Pear and Peach Trees.

Also, at the same time and place, will be sold a TRACT OF WOODLAND, containing 4 ACRES, 128 PERCHES, adjoining lands of Henry Harbold, John Lerr, Abraham Furst and others.

Persons wishing to view the property will call on the subscriber residing on the same, and persons wishing to see the Woodland will call on Abraham Furst who lives close by.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOSEPH GRIVE.

L. P. WILKES, Auctioneer. [July 30—ts

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Will be exposed to Public Sale, on *Saturday, the 28th day of August next, at 1 o'clock, P. M.*, on the premises, in Middletown, Dauphin township, Adams county Pa., by the undersigned, Assignee of JAMES H. WALTERS and wife, all his Real Estate, viz:

TOWN LOTS, adjoining each other, in Middletown, on one of which is erected a good one and a half story Frame Dwelling House with a Kitchen attached and other outbuildings, all in excellent repair, with water. Also, about 3 Acres of Land, which fronts on the Main street, in Middletown, and is well adapted to make four Building Lots in front, and of leaving room in the rear about 2 Acres of Land. This will be laid off in building lots and either sold in that way or altogether as may suit purchasers.

Persons wishing to view these properties will be shown the same by James H. Walter residing in the house.

☞ Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by

WILLIAM J. PETERS, Assignee.

July 30—tf

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.

In pursuance of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, will be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, on *Saturday, the 14th day of August next A. D., 1869*, a FARM, situate in Butler township, in said county, the estate of DAVID JACOBS, deceased, containing 138 ACRES, more or less, adjoining lands of Jonas Roth, Joseph Deardorff, Michael Deardorff, Lady and others, improved with a two-story WEATHERBOARDED HOUSE, Bank Barn, and other buildings, Log Barn, with Sheds attached, well with pump in the Kitchen door, also one at the barn; young Apple Orchard just coming to bear, also Peach, Cherry, and other fruit; about 15 acres of good Timber and Meadow in proportion. The place has been limed nearly all over. The road from Roth's Mill to the district of Middletown leads past the buildings.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., on said day. Attendance given and terms made known by

SAMUEL JACOBS, Executor.

By the Court—A. W. MINTER, Clerk.

July 30—ts

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE & PERSONAL PROPERTY

The undersigned for himself, and as Executor of JOHN CHAMBERLAIN, deceased, will expose to Public Sale, on *Saturday, the 14th day of August next*, at 1 o'clock, *P. M.*, on the premises, in the Borough of Gettysburg, the following described Real Estate, viz:

No. 1.—A LOT OF GROUND,

numbered on the plot of the Borough as 19, situate on the west side of Baltimore street, adjoining lots of D. McCreary on the north and Wm. Christman on the south, having 60 feet front on Baltimore street, and extending back 142 feet, on which is erected two and a half story BRICK DWELLING HOUSES, with Kitchen and other outbuildings.

No. 2.—TWO-THIRDS OF A LOT, numbered on the plot of the Borough as 203, situated in the rear of and adjoining the above described lot, extending a uniform public alley 60 feet back to the north 120 feet, to lot of D. McCreary.

Persons wishing to examine these properties will call on Mr. Chamberlain, residing on said property, or on the undersigned at the Eagle Hotel, in Gettysburg.

Also, at the same time and place will be sold a large quantity of HOUSEHOLD PROPERTY, consisting of Bedsteads and Bedding, Bureaus, Rocking Chairs, Sofas, Plain Chairs, Lounges, Looking Glasses, Tables, Carpet, Desk, Stoves and Pipe, Book Case, Clock and other articles.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by

WASHINGTON CHAMBERLAIN.

July 23—ts

VALUABLE FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned, Executrix of the will of JAMES COWSEND, deceased, in accordance with said will offers at Private Sale, the valuable Farm on which she now resides, belonging to the Estate of James Townsend, situated in Reading township, Adams co., Pa., about 1½ miles north of Hampton, four miles from York Sulphur Springs and ½ mile from the Baltimore and Carlisle turnpike, containing 200 ACRES, more or less. This is commonly known as the "Old Round Hill Farm." It is mostly of the granite soil, has been limed over the greater part and is in a high state of cultivation. There are about 100 Acres of good farming land, and 40 Acres of good timber. The farm is well watered with springs and running water; a never-failing spring of excellent water about 20 yards from the door; also, another very large and strong spring about ¼ mile from the house, from which the water runs to the house continually. Forced by a Hydraulic Ram, which has been in successful operation for over twenty years. There is a barrel of excellent water standing in the kitchen all the time, suitable for cooking or drinking. From the house the water is carried by lead pipe to a trough in the barn yard, thus furnishing the stock under all the time for all the stock. The building is a large two-story STONE DWELLING HOUSE, good sized Stone Barn, a large framed Stable sufficient for 6 horses; Hay House, Straw Shed, &c., Wagon Shed, Grain House, Implement House, Shoeing House, Spring House, Hog House, and other necessary buildings—all under pile shingle roof—Fruit in abundance. There is a good orchard in good bearing order of Peaches, Pears, Plums, Cherries, &c., in abundance. This desirable farm is very conveniently located in regard to Churches, School Houses, Stores, Grist Mills, Saw Mills, Blacksmith Shops, &c.

All persons desirous of purchasing such a farm are respectfully invited to call and examine the premises for themselves. They will find it as represented. Terms easy and reasonable.

☞ Any person desiring any further information that is not convenient for them to call, may obtain it by letter, by addressing

MARY T. TOWNSEND, Executrix,
Hampton, Adams co., Pa.

June 18, 1869.—3m*

PRIVATE SALE OF A FARM NEAR GETTYSBURG.

The undersigned having divided his Farm lying in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., about 11 miles west of Gettysburg, to the right of Chambersburg turnpike, about 2 miles, offers a portion of it at Private Sale. It contains about 115 acres of good farm land, with 30 acres of good Timber. The improvements are a new Weatherboard Brick Dwelling House, Frame Out-house, Frame Barn, and all other necessary outbuildings. There is a fine young Orchard in good bearing condition of all kinds of Fruit. The greater part of the land has all been limed and is in a good state of cultivation.

☞ Any person wishing to purchase a farm near Markets, Churches, School-houses, should not fail to call and see the one.

THEODORE BENDER,
July 16, 1869.—tf Gettysburg, Pa.

WOOD FOR SALE,
300 CORDS OAK
200 *HICKORY*,
AT SANDOE'S MILL

☞ Price $2 and $3 per cord on the ground.

Gettysburg, Aug. 28, 1868.—tf GEO. ARNOLD.

FOR SALE.

THE DESIRABLE THREE-STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE

(2 feet front, on 40 feet lot, with two-story Brick back building, in first class repair, two doors from Bank, on Baltimore street, will be sold on accommodating terms. [June 11—tf

Photograph Galleries.

EXCELSIOR GALLERY.

TIPTON & MYERS

successors to C. J. Tyson.

PHOTOGRAPHS
PHOTO MINIATURES
AMBROTYPES, &c., &c.,
Stereoscopic Views of the
BATTLE-FIELD,
STEREOSCOPES,
PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES,
AND
ALBUMS
GREAT VARIETY,
AND AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

☞ We do in nothing but the best of its kind. Call and examine our stock.

☞ Copies can be furnished from all negatives ever taken at this Gallery.

TYSON'S OLD STAND.

Oct. 9.—tf

The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg Friday, August 6, 1869

PIC-NIC.—A social Pic-Nic is to be held in Cunningham's woods, Freedom township, on Saturday the 14th inst.

LARCENY.—Last week, Isaac Smith, colored, was committed to jail, charged with stealing $5 or $6 at the residence of Jacob Brinkerhoff, of this place.

CONSECRATED.—The Yellow Hill Church, (colored,) about one mile west of Middletown, will be consecrated on Sunday the 15th instant, Rev. Mr. Stevens officiating.

LARGE.—Mr. Samuel M. Allison, of Mountjoy township, took from one of his fields a stalk of Oats, which measures 6 feet 3 inches, above the roots—being three inches taller than that noticed last week. The head of this stalk measures 15 inches in length.

BALLOON ASCENSION.—Prof. John A. Light is announced to make a Balloon Ascension, from the Public Square in Hanover, on Wednesday next, between the hours of 9 A. M., and 3 P. M., if the weather be favorable. In case of rain or high wind, the ascension will take place the first fair day thereafter.

SOLD.—Wm. Guinn has sold house, on York, street, to Ellen Stewart, at $2,500.

Wm. S. Hamilton has sold a half-lot of ground on Carlisle street, to George F. Kalbfleish, for $375.

John Houck has sold to Jacob A. Kitzmiller the house and lot of ground, on South Baltimore street, nearly opposite the Battle-field Hotel, and adjoining Mr. Kitzmiller's present residence, for $650.

HANOVER COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.—The exercises of this well-known Classical School will commence on the 1st of September. The Principal, Rev. H. S. Koons, A. M., has a well established reputation as a successful educator, and this Institution presents rare advantages to the community in which it is located. See advertisement.

ACCIDENT.—A painful accident happened to one of the soldiers connected with Lieut. Turtle's Engineer Corps on the 27th ult. As a wagon containing a number of them was returning from Cemetery Hill, Albert Burke, private, fell from the vehicle and had his left shoulder thrown out of joint. The dislocation was promptly reduced by Dr. O'Neal, the sufferer having been placed under the influence of chloroform.—*Compiler.*

GOOD PRICES.—At the sale of the effects of Wm. Douglass, deceased, in this place, on Tuesday last, 14 shares of stock of Gettysburg National Bank Stock brought $75 per share, the par value being $50.—Four shares of the Gettysburg Gas Company, brought $62.50 per share—par value $50; and 10 shares of the Gettysburg Water Company $30—par value $15. John M. Stevenson, Esq., of Baltimore, was the purchaser. The bidding was spirited, and the large premiums over the par value show that the Companies are in good condition, and the stock desirable.

SPRINGS HOTEL.—We are glad to notice the daily arrivals of guests for the Springs Hotel. The popular management of the House is making a favorable impression, and by the time the Company complete their contemplated improvements and the merits of the Hotel become known, it will attract visitors from all parts of the country. In all its management it is a first-class Hotel, second to none in the country.

For the accommonodation of transient visitors and citizens, arrangements have been comp'eted to furnish Ice Cream and other refreshments at the saloon of the Hotel, on orders left at the office.

EPISCOPAL SERVICE.—On last Sabbath morning, the Rev. W. G. Hawkins, Rector of Trinity church, Chambersburg, held religious services in the Courthouse, according to the usages of the Protestant Episcopal Church. The services attracted a large audience. At night Rev. Mr. Hawkins held religious services at the Springs Hotel. We understand that arrangements are in contemplation to secure regular services in this place under the auspices of the Episcopal church, and to organize a congregation if practicable. Mr. Hawkins, we believe, made a favorable impression during his stay in town.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—We regret to learn that Mr. Adam Noel, residing at Mount Rock, in this county, met with a most painful and serious accident on last Friday, under the following circumstances: Mr. Noel had been to Gettysburg on Friday, and after his return home, it is supposed, whilst in the act of stooping down to get a curry-comb to clean his horse, he was kicked by him, on the top of the head, causing a fearful and dangerous fracture. Dr. Hombaugh, of Mechersville, was called in and rendered surgical aid. Mr. Noel had been in an entire state of unconsciousness up to Monday evening, since which time, however, we understand he has rallied, and there are now hopes for his recovery.—*Press.*

INCENDIARISM.—A grain shed, belonging to Mr. J. Hildebrech, on the road leading from Littlestown to Taneytown, about three miles from the latter place, was totally destroyed by fire on last Thursday night, with all its contents. We learn that Mr. H. had nearly his entire crop of grain in the shed at the time, and also a number of tons of hay. Suspicion at once rested upon a notorious character named John Black, who had previously made threats that he would burn Mr. H's. property, and who was seen in that locality on the evening of the fire. He was promptly arrested and taken to jail at Westminister to await a trial, which will no doubt place him beyond the power of doing mischief for some time to come.—*Press.*

PASSENGER RAILWAY.—The Managers of the Passenger Railway have adopted the following schedule for the future running of the cars between the Springs Hotel and town:—Leave Gettysburg for the Springs at 6.30, 8.30, and 10.30 A. M.; 12.30, 2.30, 4.30, 6.30, 7.30 and 8.30 P. M. Returning, leave the Springs at 7.30, 9.30 and 11.30 A. M.; 1.30, 3.30, 5.30, 7.00, 8.00 and 10.00 P. M.

On Sundays, to accommodate guests at the Hotel wishing to attend religious services in town, a car will leave the Springs at 10 A. M., returning at 12; and also one at 7 P. M., returning at 9. No other cars will be permitted to run on Sundays.

The fare either way will be 10 cents, as heretofore; but packages of 12 tickets can be had for $1, on application to R. G. McCreary, Esq.

NEWSPAPER LAWS.—Postmasters are required to give notice *by letter* when a subscriber does not take his paper from the office, and give the reason for its not being taken.

Neglecting to do so makes the postmaster responsible to the publishers for the payment.

Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the subscription.

A person ordering his paper to be discontinued must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken out of the office or not.

The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is *prima facie* evidence of intentional fraud.

FOR RENT two desirable rooms on Baltimore street, near the diamond. Enquire at this office. tf

RE-UNION.—The Battle-field re-union adopted by the Battle-field Memorial Association of Gettysburg, D. McConaughy, Esq., Chief Marshal, and his corps of assistants, and the various aids-de-camp of the leading officers who commanded Corps, Divisions and Brigades, at the Battle of Gettysburg, inviting them to attend a Re-union in Gettysburg, during the fourth week in August. The purpose of the Association is to put up memorials on different parts of the field, to indicate to visitors important points, and permanently mark the positions and movements of the Armies, Corps, Divisions and important commands in the battle. To enable the Association to do this intelligently and accurately, they desire to avail themselves of the suggestions of the officers who participated in the fight, and hence the proposed Re-union. The meeting will be held at the Springs Hotel, where the visiting officers will be quartered at reduced rates. Arrangements are also in progress to secure a reduction of railroad fare for the occasion.

Gov. Geary is President of the Association, with a number of prominent gentlemen constituting the Directory.

The local officers are:

Vice President—R. G. McCreary, Esq.
Treasurer—George Arnold, Esq.
Secretary—D. McConaughy, Esq.

DEATH OF JUDGE ROBINSON.—A portion of our edition last week contained the announcement of the death of Hon. Isaac Robinson, which took place on the 29th ult., after a lingering illness. Judge Robinson was born in Carroll's Tract on the 18th of March, 1801, and has always resided in Adams county. He was a high-toned gentleman, courteous in manner, and while tenacious of his opinions once found, was careful in reaching conviction of duty. Although modest and unobtrusive, he was at various times honored with official position—having filled the offices of County Surveyor, Justice of the Peace, Member of the Legislature, and Associate Judge. In the latter position, which he was compelled to resign because of impaired health, he enjoyed the esteem of the Bar, by reason of the uniform courtesy and uprightness, which characterized his administration of the duties, and the respectful, generous confidence which he at all times manifested in his intercourse with them. On the announcement of his death, allthough not in official connection with the Court, a meeting of the members of the Bar and officers of the Court was held, at which appropriate resolutions were adopted, and which will be found in another column. The funeral, which was largely attended, took place on Friday afternoon, his remains being interred in Ever-Green Cemetery.

REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE.—The Republican County Committee met at the Eagle Hotel on Saturday last. Owing to the absence of Hon. Edward McPherson, Capt. E. McGinley was appointed Chairman *pro tem.* After an interchange of opinions, it was unanimously resolved that the Republican County Convention meet in Gettysburg, on the fourth Monday in August, the 23d. The call will be found in to-day's paper. We hope our Republican friends in the township will not neglect the Delegate elections, to be held on the Saturday previous. The campaign this fall will be an important one, involving the election of a Governor and Supreme Judge, besides the usual County officers. Send good discreet men as delegates to the Convention, charged with the duty of nominating a ticket that shall command the confidence and cordial support of every Republican in the county. The administration of the county offices needs reforming badly, and the nomination of good men may largely tend to secure this desirable end.

DEATH OF JUDGE ROBINSON.

At a meeting of the Judges, members of the Bar, and Officers of the Court, on the 30th day of July, 1869, called on the occasion of the death of Hon. Isaac Robinson, on motion, Hon. R. G. Harper was called to the chair, and Hon. S. S. Russell appointed Secretary.

Hon. Moses McClean stated the object of the meeting, and made some pertinent remarks in allusion to his long and intimate acquaintance, from boyhood, with the late Judge Robinson, and in expression of his many virtues and worth.

D. McConaughy, Esq., spoke in terms of hearty commendation of him, as a gentle of the old school, as a useful and exemplary magistrate and legislator, and as an upright and impartial Judge.

On motion, Wm. McClean, D. McConaughy, and W. A. Duncan, Esqs., were appointed a Committee to draft resolutions, expressive of the sense of the meeting, and reported the following:

WHEREAS, in the providence of God, Hon. Isaac Robinson, one of the Associate Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas of Adams County, became afflicted with serious and painful disease, making it necessary for him to resign his commission, and which, after a protracted period of suffering, has resulted in his death:

Resolved, that we deeply sympathized with Judge Robinson in his affliction, regretted his resignation, and his restoration, and bear unanimous and earnest testimony to his pure and unspotted life, to his honor as a high-minded gentleman, to the worth of his example in the various social relations he sustained, to the value of his services as a useful citizen, Legislator and Magistrate, to his uprightness, impartiality and integrity as a Judge, and the ability and fidelity with which he discharged the duties of the several public positions to which he was called by his fellow citizens.

Resolved, that we, in a body, attend his funeral that these proceedings be entered upon the records of the Courts, published in the newspapers of the County, and a copy thereof presented to his family, with our sincere sympathy and condolence.

R. G. McCreary, Esq., in seconding the motion for the adoption of the resolutions, expressed his entire concurrence in the tribute which they offered. They were unanimously adopted and the meeting adjourned.

R. G. HARPER, *Ch'n.*
S. R. RUSSELL, *Sec'y.*

NEW STORE.—Mr. Hezekiah Keefer has purchased the Store of Mrs. Paxton, on Baltimore street, and will keep for sale all kinds of Groceries, Flour, Meal, Confections, Notions, &c. Mr. K. is a clever young man, and deserves a good run of custom, which he will doubtless receive.

A CONVENIENCE.—We understand that arrangements have been made to establish a Baggage Depot in this place which will be under the charge of responsible parties. Passengers arriving in the trains can leave their checks at the Ticket office, and their baggage will be delivered wherever ordered. Persons intending to leave in the cars can have their baggage called for at their residences and delivered at the depot. tf

IMPROVED MORNING GLORY.—The famous Morning Glory Stove, so popular as a parlor and office stove, has sometimes been objected to for use in chambers and by families needing but one fire, because not adapted to heat water, &c.—This difficulty has been overcome, and last Monday we saw one of the improved Morning Glories in operation at the Warehouse of Col. G. H. Buehler, on Carlisle street, which seems not only to obviate objections but to meet every desired want. It is nothing more or less than the ordinary Morning Glory, with an Oven about 15 inches in diameter attached, and ingeniously arranged dampers by which the heat can be thrown around the oven at pleasure, and making it as hot as the ovens of the best cooking stoves. Water can be boiled, pies baked, and even meat roasted as readily as in a cooking stove. This contrivance, while preserving all the qualities of the Morning Glory as a heater, adapts it for the sick chamber, or use in small families requiring but little cooking. tf

☞ Think you the proprietor of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy would offer $500 reward for a case of Catarrh which he cannot cure if his Remedy was a humbug? Preposterous idea! Sold by all druggists everywhere at fifty cents, and it prepares a full pint of the medicine ready for use. 1t

GETTING WARM.—The Democratic nominating Convention will meet on Monday next. As the time approaches, the contest which has been going on for some weeks between the rival aspirants for the various offices becomes more active, and when the delegates get together a lively time may be expected. Hitherto the interest has circled about the Sheriffalty, for which Messrs. Klunk and Myers seem to have the inside track, with a strong reserve backing up Col. Swope: but recently the fight for Associate Judge and County Treasurer has waxed warm and monopolized special attention. For the former the contestants are Messrs. Krise, McCurdy and Ziegler. The friends of Henry A. Picking, Esq., early in the canvass manifested a disposition to press his candidacy; but being strongly suspected of a leaning towards Temperance—which, by the way, don't belong to the Democratic creed—Mr. P., probably seeing breakers ahead, promptly and peremptorily withdrew his name. Mr. Krise has been working hard, but without any show—the contest being narrowed down to McCurdy and Ziegler, the chances in favor of the latter, who is working like a beaver, persistently and boldly. The fight for Treasurer is between Martin and Brinkerhoff, the other candidates for that office, although clever men, being evidently not in the ring. The contest, however, is complicated by rumored combinations between candidates for different offices, on the principle of "you support me and I'll support you."

We don't know that the Convention will care to consult us either in the nomination of candidates or the fixing up a platform. Doubtless some of the knowing ones have resolutions already blocked out. If not, we tender the following free of charge:

1—*Resolved*, That Thomas Jefferson made a mistake when he declared that "all men are created free and equal," and "endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights." He forgot that this is a "white man's" government, and that "niggers have no rights which white men are bound to respect."

2—*Resolved*, That the Declaration of Independence being simply a "string of glittering generalities," of doubtful expediency, its doctrines are not binding on the Democratic party of the present day.

3—*Resolved*, That Rebellion is *not* a crime—that Lincoln was "an ape," Jeff. Davis a gentleman—Grant a "butcher," Gen. Lee a military genius—and that Lincoln's "hirelings" deserve the lasting opprobrium of all true Democrats for thwarting our Southern brethern in their patriotic efforts to establish a Confederacy, with "Slavery as its corner stone," on the ruins of the present Federal Union.

4—That the "lost cause" is dear to our hearts, and upon reaching political power we will evince our gratitude to the brave men who bled and died for it, by pensioning their widows and children, and giving the most lucrative offices to their surviving comrades.

5—*Resolved*, That money—not brains—should be a passport to public confidence, and we hail the nomination of Asa Packer for Governor, with profound joy—assured that he will freely "put out the rolling bats." But we insist, as a condition of our cordial support, that the Democracy of Adams county be permitted to share in the spoils, and that Alderman McMullen and the Philadelphia Democrats shall not monopolize them.

6—That free-voting, like free whiskey, is a cardinal principle of Democracy—that the Democrats of Philadelphia ought to have the right to vote as often as they please —and that the Registry Law, which proposes to limit them to one ballot, is unjust and unconstitutional.

7—The Temperance and Prohibition are a clapping of a morbid fanaticism.—They don't belong to the Democratic creed, and we hereby notify the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions, (Judge Fisher especially,) that we expect them in future to grant all applications for Tavern License —especially when the applicant comes endorsed as a sound Democrat.

8—*Resolved*, That the rigid economy displayed by Governor Geary in the State, and by Gen. Grant in the National, Administrations of the States and National Debts are being liquidated too rapidly, and the contrast between Democratic and Republican rule is thereby made too patent. We demand a restoration to office of the tried and trusty Democrats, whom long experience in office made adepts at stealing and plundering, and whose restoration will not only give us plenty of "spoils" in political campaigns, but prevent the speedy payment of the State and National Debt.

8—*Resolved*, That the "nigger" has been the stock in trade of the Democratic party for more than a third of a century; that the election of Gen. Grant and his Black Republican allies to settle the negro question and remove it from the arena of politics, will be fatal, if consummated, to the Democratic party—and we therefore oppose the ratification of the 15th Constitutional Amendment.

We submit the foregoing for the consideration of the "Committee on Resolutions." If not sufficient, the Committee can extend them *ad libitum*.

NEW OXFORD, PENNA., July 31 1869.

EDITORS OF STAR & SENTINEL:—Mr. James Hersh, of this village, raised this season 285 pounds of potatoes, of the Early Rose variety, the product of 3 pounds planted on 384 square feet of ground. The potatoes are large and fine, many of them weighing 15 ounces each.

Another item of product raised in our town.—A leaf cut from a stalk of cabbage growing in the graden of our townsman, Mr. Wm. King, measured 73 inches in circumference, being a new variety, the first introduced here, called the "Stone Mason Marblehead." These items are given for the benefit of our agricultural friends, who are invited to beat us if they can. If so, they may hear from us again.

AGRICULTURE.

☞ Especial attention is called to the advertisement of that celebrated Specialist, Q. VAN BUMMELL, M. D., of New York City, who treats throat and lung diseases by *inhalation*—the only acknowledged cure for Consumption. He uses *Abbott's Inhaling Fluid*, a remedy not known to the profession. Thousands have been snatched from the jaws of death by this wonderful remedy, and those afflicted should not hesitate to immediately place themselves under the Doctor's care. 1t

☞ At a recent meeting of the Board of health of New York, a letter was received from Dr. Harris concerning cholera in the West. He says the disease has not become epidemic this summer at any point west of the Alleghenies or north of the Ohio, but it is spreading in a fearful manner west of the Mississippi, upon the great routes of travel. The Zingari Bitters will prevent and cure cholera as well as all other affections of the bowels. It is the greatest tonic ex tant. 1t

IT GREW.—All "Topsy" could say about herself was that she "growed." And all that can be said in answer to the often asked question, "How did Oak Hall become so great?" is that *it grew*. There was nothing miraculous about it, nothing beyond the ordinary laws of business development and expansion. Strict integrity, close and constant application to business, and unfailing study of the wants of the people, must lead to permanent and large success. 1t

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
HANOVER, PA.
(MALE AND FEMALE,)

REV. H. S. KOONS, A. M., Principal.
MRS. C. B. KOONS, Assistant.

THE exercises of this long established Classical School will commence on

Wednesday, the 1st day of September next.

From his long experience in teaching, the undersigned can confidently guarantee thorough instruction in the branches of a Classical, Business and English Education. Latin, Greek, French and German taught, together with the higher departments of English and Mathematics, as well as the usual branches of a common education.

Students carefully prepared for any one of the regular college classes.

Whilst no effort will be spared for the mental improvement, special attention will be given to the moral instruction of the pupils.

☞ Parents are earnestly requested to send their children at the opening of the Session, as time lost often will interfere with the progress of the pupils afterwards.

Tuition payable in advance, or at the middle of each quarter.

Ornamental worsted and needle work taught in all its branches.

French and German extra.

For terms apply to

REV. H. S. KOONS, A. M., Principal.

Hanover, Pa., Aug. 6, 1869—3t

Price of Flour, Grain, &c.

Baltimore Grain & Produce Market.

Baltimore, Thursday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR,	$ 6 25	@ 6 50
EXTRA FLOUR,	6 75	@ 7 00
WHITE WHEAT,	1 50	@ 1 65
RED WHEAT,	1 35	@ 1 85
CORN,	1 02	@ 1 10
"	1 17	@ 1 20
OATS,	60	@ 63
TIMOTHY-SEED,	0 00	@ 0 00
CLOVER-SEED,	0 00	@ 0 00
FLAX-SEED,	0 00	@ 0 00
BACON, SHOULDERS,	16	@ 16½
" SIDES,	19	@ 19½
" HAMS,	23	@ 24
LARD,	19	@ 19½
GOLD, Phila.		1 35½

Gettysburg Grain & Provision Market.

Gettysburg, Friday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR,	5 50
EXTRA FLOUR,	6 00 @
WHITE WHEAT,	1 25 @ 1 50
RED WHEAT,	1 00 @ 1 20
CORN,	90
RYE,	1 00 @ 1 20
OATS,	45
BUCKWHEAT,	90
TIMOTHY SEED,	2 50
CLOVER SEED,	7 00
POTATOES,	50 @
BUTTER,	23
LARD,	20
EGGS,	16
BACON, HAMS,	20
" SIDES,	16
" SHOULDERS,	16
SOAP,	6 @ 8
TALLOW,	10

MARRIED.

FINK—REDD.—On the 5th ult., at Macomb, Ills., by the Rev. J. L. Benedict, Mr. J. Frank Fink, formerly of York Springs, this county, to Miss Julia Redd, of Knox county, Ills.

DIED.

☞ Obituary notices 5 cents a line of all over 4 lines—cash to accompany notices.

CRESS.—On the 22d ult., Flora, daughter of David F. and Mary E. Cress, of Indianola, Iowa, aged 10 months and 13 days.

DYSERT.—In Littlestown, on the 20th ult., Susan Dysert, aged 61 years, 5 months and 17 days.

HOWARD.—On Sunday last, Mr. George Howard, of Mountpleasant township, in the 65th year of his age.

HULL.—On the 27th ult., in Berwick township, this county, Elizabeth, wife of Jacob Hull, aged about 67 years.

KEEFER.—On the 22d ult., in Littlestown, Jacob Keefer, aged about 80 years. Deceased was a soldier in the war of 1812.

MESSNER.—On the 28th ult., at the residence of his son-in-law, Peter Thorn, Mr. John Messner, aged 71 years and 9 months.

ROBINSON.—On the 29th ult., in this place, after a lingering illness, Dan. Isaac Robinson, aged 68 years, 4 months and 11 days.

RUPP.—On the 29th ult., Mary Elizabeth, only child of William and Susan Rupp, of New Salem, aged 15 years and 17 days.

The spirit is not dead,
Though low the body lies,
But, freed from pain and sorrow, fled
To dwell beyond the skies.

SWOPE.—On Saturday morning last, in this place, Mrs. Margaret Swope, wife of George Swope, (late of the firm of Gettysburg National Bank,) in the 63d year of her age.

SWOPE.—On the 12th of June, at Petersburg, (Y. S.,) Myra Elsie, daughter of John A. and Maggie Snowden, aged 1 year and 26 days.

WEHLER.—On the 31st ult., near Littlestown, Mrs. Mary Magdalene Wehler, aged 57 years 5 months and 10 days.

WALTMAN.—In Straban township, on the 30th ult., Charles R. Grossman, son of Nathaniel J. and Isabel L. Waltman, aged one year and three days.

An angel in the bosom of life
Wrote down an infant's birth,
But added, e'e he closed the book,
"Two beautiful for earth."

And when the reaper Death passed by,
He read the name and smiled,
Then folded in his cold embrace
Our lovely little child.

New Advertisements.

STRAY NOTICE.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Conewago township, on the 16th of July, a roan colored HORSE, about 4 years old, but with no special marks. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away. DAVID MARTIN.

Aug 6, 1869.—3t

CASH
FOR WOOL!

The highest Price paid by

F. DUPHORN,

Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Penn'a.

Aug. 6, 1869—tf

GROCERIES & LUMBER.

H. Keefer's Store,
ON THE HILL, BALTIMORE ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.

FRESH GROCERIES

every week from the City, Provisions, Dried an Green Fruits of all kinds, always on hand, at lowes rates.

FLOUR, CORN MEAL, CHEESE, PURE CIDER VINEGAR, SOAPS OF ALL KINDS, CANDLES,
NOTIONS, CONFECTIONARIES,
BROOMS, &c., also,

LUMBER,

such as Scantling, Posts, &c., continually on hand at lowest living rates. Call and see.

Aug. 6, 1369.—tf

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.

Will be sold on *Saturday, the 2nd day of October, 1869, at 1 o'clock, P. M.*, on the premises, THE FARM of Samuel Hemminger, deceased, situate in Freedom township, 3 miles north of Emmittsburg, Md., adjoining lands of Andrew Reid, deceased, Henry Hedgy, Rudolph Sarbaugh, and others, bounded on the one side by Middle Creek, containing 127 ACRES, more or less. The Improvements consist of a two-story LOG HOUSE, Log Barn, Wagon Shed, Hog Pen, and other outbuildings, with a well of good Water at the door of the dwelling; also, an ORCHARD of choice Fruit, Apples, Pears and Peaches. There is a large proportion of good Meadow, with a sufficiency of excellent Timber. The location is a good one, being convenient to Mills, School Houses, and Lime Quarries, and the land is susceptible of good cultivation.

Persons wishing to view the premises will call on Samuel S. Lott, residing thereon.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on the day of sale by

JOHN CUNNINGHAM,
Agent for the heirs of Samuel White, dec'd.

Aug. 6, 1869—ts

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT'S NOTICE.

I will visit the different districts for the purpose of examining Teachers, at the following named times and places, viz:

Straban, Hunterstown; Saturday, August 14, 9 a. m.
Huntington and York Springs Bor., Petersburg School House, Saturday, August 21, 9 a. m.
Oxford, New Oxford; Saturday, August 28, 9 a. m.
Mountjoy, Bonneauville; Saturday, Sept. 4, 9 a. m.
Butler, Middletown; Monday, Sept. 6, 9 a. m.
Littlestown, Littlestown; Tuesday, Sept. 7, 9 a. m.
Freedom, Moritz's S. H.; Wednesday, Sept. 8, 9 a. m.
Liberty, Grayson's S. H.; Thursday, Sept. 9, 9 a. m.
Hamiltban, Fairfield; Friday, Sept. 10, 9 a. m.
Franklin, Cashtown; Saturday, Sept. 11, 9 a. m.
Tyrone, Heidlersburg; Monday, Sept. 13, 9 a. m.
Latimore, State Road S. H.; Tuesday, Sept. 14, 9 a. m.
Reading and Hampton, Hampton; Wednesday, Sept. 15, 9 a. m.
Berwick Bor., East Berlin; Thursday, Sept. 16, 9 a. m.
Berwick twp., Rider's S. H.; Friday, Sept. 17, 8 a. m.
Berwick Bor., Abbottstown; Friday, Sept. 17, 2 p. m.
Cumberland, Normal School-room, Gettysburg; Saturday, Sept. 18, 9 a. m.
Monday, Two Taverns; Monday, Sept. 20, 9 a. m.
Highland, Church S. H.; Tuesday, Sept. 21, 9 a. m.
Germany, Colden's S. H.; Wednesday, Sept. 22, 9 a. m.
Union, Schildt's S. H.; Thursday, Sept. 23, 9 a. m.
Conewago, McSherrystown; Friday, Sept. 24, 9 a. m.
Mountpleasant, Brush Run S. H.; Saturday, Sept. 25, 9 a. m.

Examinations will begin promptly at the hours specified. Professional Certificates given by Mr. Sheely since the first Monday of June, 1866, are valid during the present School year. Candidates must be examined in the districts in which they expect to teach. No certificates will be renewed without re-examination, nor will certificates be given to

The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Friday, August 6, 1869.

WHAT IS THE CONDITION OF YOUR CELLAR?

Is it damp, close, filled with disagreeable odors, proceeding from germinating or decaying vegetables? If so, it is high time you give the matter your earnest attention; for you have in that locality germs of disease, and yourself and family are liable to be prostrated at any moment. You think your cellar or basement is in good sanitary condition. Do you know that it is? Have you fairly and carefully examined the premises? Have you looked over the potatoes, turnips, squashes, and other vegetables, to ascertain their condition? We know that diptheria, typhoid and scarlet fevers, and many other most serious illnesses, have their origin in cellars, both in city and country; and we can do our readers no greater service than to urge them to see that at all times, they are in a dry, sweet, wholesome condition. Why should farmers and farmers' families, living in the country, away from the pestilential vapors of cities, be so subject to attacks of malignant diseases?

There is a reason for it, and we can point it out. They arise from the indifference manifested to the observance of hygienic rules, and the violation of sanitary laws. Cleanliness is essential to health, and is just as necessary in the country as in the city. A family living over a foul cellar is more liable to be poisoned and afflicted with illness, than a city family living in its poluted atmosphere, but without cellar or basement filled with fermenting roots and fruits. There is far more sickness in the country among husbandmen than there ought to be. With plenty of pure air, water, and exercise, the evil imp, disease, ought to be kept at bay; and he would be, if a better observance of certain hygienic conditions were maintained. Bad-conditioned cellars, small, close sleeping rooms, stoves—these are all agents of evil, and are fast making the homes of farmers almost as unhealthy as those of the dwellers in cities. Are not these suggestions worthy of consideration?—*Boston Journal of Chemistry.*

ECONOMY OF MANURES.

Dry earth is a powerful absorbent and deodorizer of the droppings of cattle. At the Leicester meeting of the Royal Agricultural Society, Moule's earth closet formed a very attractive and popular affair during the whole period of the exhibition.

The principle of Moule's earth closet is to utilise the solid and liquid drippings nett, or before they have been wasted in the atmosphere or mixed with rain water. The proposition is a very old one, it was a great favorite with the agricultural writers of the last century, and is, in not a few cases, actually being called into effect by small farmers who husband everything with the greatest care, and who have, generally, plenty of time on hand to do so. The practice is simple and carried out as follow:

Where two or three cows are kept, very little straw is needed to keep them clean and give them a comfortable bed under attentive management, and with such we have seen dung pits with hardly a straw to be seen in them, the compound being similar to the produce of a Moule's earth closet. A few cart-loads of dry earth, peat, mould, and absorbent materials of this kind, are collected during summer and stored up somewhere near at hand. We have seen it behind the cows, and wheeled in with a barrow by the cottager. The ashes from the cottage fire are added and used daily when the cows are tied up. The cow house is cleaned out, morning and evening, in the usual way, and the moment this is done a few spadesful of earth are carefully spread behind to absorbe the liquid. There is a small cesspool to catch anything that escapes, but very little is allowed to flow into it. The cesspool is cleaned out daily. It should rather be termed the manure making trough than a cesspool; for every time the cottager enters, the solid feces and earth that has absorbed its maximum of liquid are carefully swept into it, and then throughly incorporated with the earth, and a little fresh earth spread behind the cows again. The practice is thus more cleanly and free from smell than the common one. And the extra labor is less than some may imagine, and is fully repaid by the results, as the manure possesses a very high value. Outside, the lounghill is surrounded with a low mound or dyke of earth to turn off rain water, and prevent the cows tramping upon it; and when the privy, poultry house and piggery are cleaned out, their contents are spread over the cow dung; and, before use, the dung-hills is turned in the usual way, the whole being thus mixed together.—*The Gardener's Chronicle.*

MANURES.

The failure to raise good crops of wheat upon land long cultivated is not so often attributable to indifferent seed as unfair cultivation. In most cases the soil has been robbed of the wheat producing properties, such as the phosphates, potash and other salts. This is true in a large degree of the wheat growing section of the older States, where the soil has been so long drained of its substance that it is no longer possible to raise a heavy crop of wheat in the best season. On such lands farmers should apply lime